361/217

Il Corrections in the Gaz. of 1879.

Pages 200 & 2.

Collector No 37. 9/13/79 copy sent up

Taluka Bagalkot.

Nirlkeri. Exclude No 6. (Partly)

Sirur — — " " 969 (Partly)

Ankalgi — for "84" read "part of 84" (Partly)

Taluka Hungund.

Hire Hagi — Exclude Nos 54, 60, 63, 68. (all Rs.)

Kodihal. — for "4" (Rs.) read "40"

Kelur — for "259" (Rs.) read "249"

Murdi — for "101" (Rs.) read "111."

Taluka Badami.

Nilgund — for "109" read 101

Tapushali — Exclude No 9 ✓

Iakhmir — for "23" ✓ read "part of 23"

Belwalkop — for "176" ✓ read "part of 176"

Dist. Court Office

From

G. R. Wightwick Esquire
Divisional Forest
Officer, Kalady.

To,

Colonel W. Peyton
Conservator of
Forests S. C.

Camp Koyampuram
12th August 1886

Sir

I have the honor to submit the statements of lands selected to be reserved Forests in the Bagalkot Anagund and Badami taluks.

2. I have not found it possible to prepare the statements according to the new survey, owing to

the maps of many villages not being obtainable. In the villages there are only the new maps. I have therefore made two columns, one for the old and one for the new survey numbers, the latter being entered wherever possible.

3. Statement A shows all details. The first column gives the numbers gazetted under section 34 of the Forest Act, in the Gazette of March 6th 1879, and which are therefore already under the control of the Forest Department. The second and third columns show respectively gairan and waste lands

C36/221

proposed should be gazetted as proposed reserves under section 4 of the Act because divided the land of each taluka into Blocks and "Subkarge's" - the former term being employed where they lie together in more or less compact masses, and the latter where they are scattered. The totals of each block are given at the end (page 156)

4. Statement B is a list of occupied numbers which it is proposed to acquire for Forests by private arrangement with

three villages of
Kirigund Taluka. These
numbers were gazetted
in 1879 as "protected" Forests
but as this advisable
to have all the forests in
the District reserved it
will be necessary for them
to be regazetted under section
4 of the Act.

Letter No
97 9 1/3/79
Copy Index

6. Statement D is a
list of such errors as I
have been able to find in
the Gazette of 1879 for
the most part the numbers
there shown are occupied,
and were included through

essary to publish a fresh notification excluding them; their inclusion amongst the forest numbers was in the first instance illegal, and the notification is therefore null and void as far as the latter is concerned. But if the Government think it advisable a notification in the form of Errata to the Gazette of 1879 may be published.

7. The following statement shows the present area in each of the talukas

descriptive numbers together with the total area of the taluka and percentage of forest according to the present scheme of demarcation

Taluka	Present Forest area	Newly selected	Total	Total area of taluka	Percentage of Forest
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Sq. miles	
Bapalkot	54066	9182	63248	682	14.5
[illegible]	18670	5558	24228	518	7.3
Badami	75978	11715	87693	656	20.9
Total	148714	26455	175169	1856 or 1187	14

8. The lands newly selected and added to the reserve are required to fill up the break in the forest boundary, especially single numbers

fronting of, two or three,
surrounded on every side by
forest. (2) of numbers
skirting the present forests
especially at the foot of the
hills and which seem
likely to produce forests,
whether they at present
contain any vegetation or
not. (3) the five stop hills
bonne parts patches or reserves
detached from the present
forest. One such reserve
has been selected on each side
of the Railway near Badami
in the village of Mutalgeri,
Yergop and Badami, and
contains about 1100 acres

with scrub jungle. The location and relative size of these numbers will be clear from the map which will be submitted with this report.

9. Zones of the numbers selected were such as were thrown out of cultivation in the years following the last famine. Many more villages have been visited for a more complete line. Some villages were completely deserted after the famine, and the lands are now covered with scrub jungle. In such villages considerable area

10 It is hoped that
the area selected which
will bring [illegible] of the thin
alluvium under forest will be
considered sufficient. A
consider- -ble amount of vast
still remains, which, being
ready at a proper, will be
available for the extension
of cultivation the following
[illegible] some light
- han this. It give a the
area "of" cultivate [illegible]
and waste respectively
before the famine, [illegible]
immediate after the [illegible]
famine, and at this [illegible]

C36+229

Taluka	1875-76		1879-80		1882-83	
	Cultivated	Waste	Cultivated	Waste	Cultivated	Waste
Bagalkot	167591	5426	160,551	6849	152978	13913
Hungund	169,461	1696	157,306	13,836	150147	11726
Badami	126,513	13,640	106,048	34,966	98880	41674
Total	457,565	20,762	423,903	55,650	401985	67108

II. A Comparison of the last column of this statement with the second column of that in para 7 shows the area left for Cultivation

Taluka	Total waste	Selected for Forests	Remainder waste	Remarks
	Acres	Acres	Acres	
Bagalkot	13908	9182	4726	
Hungund	11,726	5558	6168	
Badami	41474	11715	29759	
T. B.	67108	26455	40653	

villages and when possible
each such village should
contain some land of each
kind, or there should be a
proportion of land of
which, practicing rotation
there should always be certain
to feed grazing, the total
thus set apart in each
of the blocks or subdivisions
and have land them into
being not less than the total
amount of free grazing

producing will probably
be increased by the Forest
Settlement ? Also it
increases the people are
allowed to collect every kind
of Forest produce and
lessens the fees at the
Naka's. It will be seen
that the scheme which I
have harbored in the above
will make it easier
for the people to procure
their supplies from the forest.
For as Cutchery will be going
on in every branch of
village and when possible
in every village, there will

near at hand from
which timber will be
available. The bathing
Huts will of course not
be included in this work-
ing scheme, but will be
treated separately. Further
details must be worked
out after the land has
been finally transferred
to the Forest Department
for this report is to be sufi-
ficient for me to have
(illegible) roughly what I pro-

all forests, without
restriction [illegible] such
as can be collected with the
hands alone without the use
of an axe or any cutting
instruments of any kind
A rule should be issued
making it penal to enter
any forest, (except those
portions where cutting is
going on) with any cutting
instrument This rule
which if properly carried out
is in force and works very
well in the German State
forests, would be a useful
one to be made applicable

C36/245/19

It would eventually give a stop to the practice of "manufacturing deodar wood.

20. In conclusion I would suggest my Statement C being at once forwarded for publication in the Official Gazette under section 6 of the Act, as under the Forest Settlement may be commenced. Government have ordered in their Resolution No 5907 dated the 22nd July that any proposals are

be carefully examined by the Revenue Officers. If this can be done simultaneously with the settlement much time and labour will be saved, as it will not then be necessary to go over the same ground twice. I need not point out to you that a notification under section 4 has practically no effect whatever, the selected members having already been by an order of the Collector, Lieut. Col.

cultivators until the
orders of Government
are passed. But as
the Settlement cannot
commence until the
Notification has been
published I think it
would be advisable for
this at once.

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servt

Divisional Forest
Officer, Kalady

Through,

The Collector of

any reasons for this.

A great deal of it is such as will ..... bear anything but scrub jungle and this constitutes a very large portion of the waste, it would be sufficient merely to protect.

In Badami Taluka Mr. Wight proposes to take up only acres 11715 of the waste, leaving 29759.

It does not appear where the waste not taken up lies - but if it is in the Southern part of the Taluka I should recommend that every single waste number fit for ~~grazing~~ growing timber should be taken up. The soil of that part of Badami is poor for the purpose

suited for forest as is shown by the appearance of the country and the vigorous growth which has sprung up since the famine. It will be more advantageous I believe, both to the people and to the Government to devote as much as possible of the land to forest: the timber at present used in this part of the country comes from the Kanara jungles 100 to 150 miles distant, whereas I believe a local demand could be supplied almost if not entirely from Badami after some years.

There is plenty of waste lef

ed none need be left in
exam I think – such an
opportunity will probably never
occur again and should not be

As regards the question of
fencing up Caiman land I would
offer no objection, if it were certain
that the rights of free grazing at
present enjoyed by the people would
be continued to them: but although
the present forest authorities
may be in favour of giving
free grazing, there is no guarantee
that the numbers having once
become Forest, future Forest offic-
may not differ in opinion
from these, at present in

The paddock I have visited is quite unfitted for producing anything but sparse and scanty growth of scrub and it would not be worth while to deprive the people of their free praging for the small revenue it would bring to the Forest dept.

I believe the Forest officers assert that in the course of time soil would form, but if it ever did, there would not be enough for some hundreds of years to grow trees of any size.

The accompaniments to your

Letter [illegible]

[illegible]

(signed) C. McCallum
Ag. 1st Assistant Collr

[illegible] Coorg"

W. Pidcock
Ag. Collector.

G. A. Knight Esquire,
Divisional Forest
Officer, Kaladgi

To,

Colonel W. Peyton
Conservator of
Forests Southern Circle.

Bijápúr 5th September

Sir,

I have the honor to forward the maps named in the margin for the number selected in my demarcation of the Southern Taluka to be coloured into them in your Office as directed in your letter No. 2974 dated 23rd June last. The demarcation lists were forwarded through the Collector on the 12th ult.

*	Village maps	Badami Taluka
86	" ⊗ "	Bagalkot Taluka
32	" × "	Hungund Taluka

G. A. Wightsquire
Divisional Forest
Officer, Kaladgi

To,

Colonel W. Peyton
Conservator of
Forests Southern Circle

Bijápúr 5th September

Sir,

I have the honor to forward the maps named in the margin for the number selected in my demarcation of the southern talukas to be coloured into them in your Circle as directed in your letter No. 2976 dated 23rd June last. The demarcation lists were forwarded through the Collector on the 12th ult.

Village maps	Badami Taluka	
86 "	⊗ "	Bagalkot Taluka
32 "	× "	Hungund Taluka

J

No 4469 — Divisional Forest Officer, Kalady.

Through the Collector of Kalady who is requested to retain the maps in his office as long as he requires them and to forward them to the Conservator along with the Demarcation Report.

Divisional Forest Officer

Kalady

14/10/24

No 5073 dt 8/11/24

Forwarded in the Hon'ble Minister for Forests

Byapur

11-10-24

Conservator of Forests

13361

3

Forest demarcations in the talukas of the Bijápur Distt south of the Krishna

---

Memo: from the Commr, S. D., No 1029 dy 5th April 1885— Submitting a letter No 6467 dy 12 Febp 1885 from the Conr of Forests, S. C., who submits with refce to G. R. No 5907 dy 22 July 1884 a report by Mr Highl-

Collector with

Lieut. Divl. Forest

Officer, Kaladgi, on

the demarcation of

forests in the taluka

south of the ---- line,

letter with a letter from

Lt. Ag. First Asst. Coll. Bijapur

Collector & 4 memo.

from the Collector reviewing

the report

Submitted.

Lieut. Divisional

Forest Officer Kaladgi, sub-

mits a report on the

forest demarcation effected

by him in the talukás

of the Bijápur District

Mrs

viz. Bagalkot, Hangund
Indian
2. The
forests, both
Protected, in the
is 1,48,714 acres. The
erial Forest Officer
to retain
forests with the exception
certain survey
which are
illegally
1879. to include
additional area
acres of free grazing
20,371 1/10 acres of
and to acquire hereafter

Divisional Forest

Officer, Kaladgi,

submitting a report on the demarcation of forests in the talukás south of the Krishna, together with a letter from Lt. First Asst. Coll. Bs. Cattam & 8 enclosures from the Collector reviewing the report.

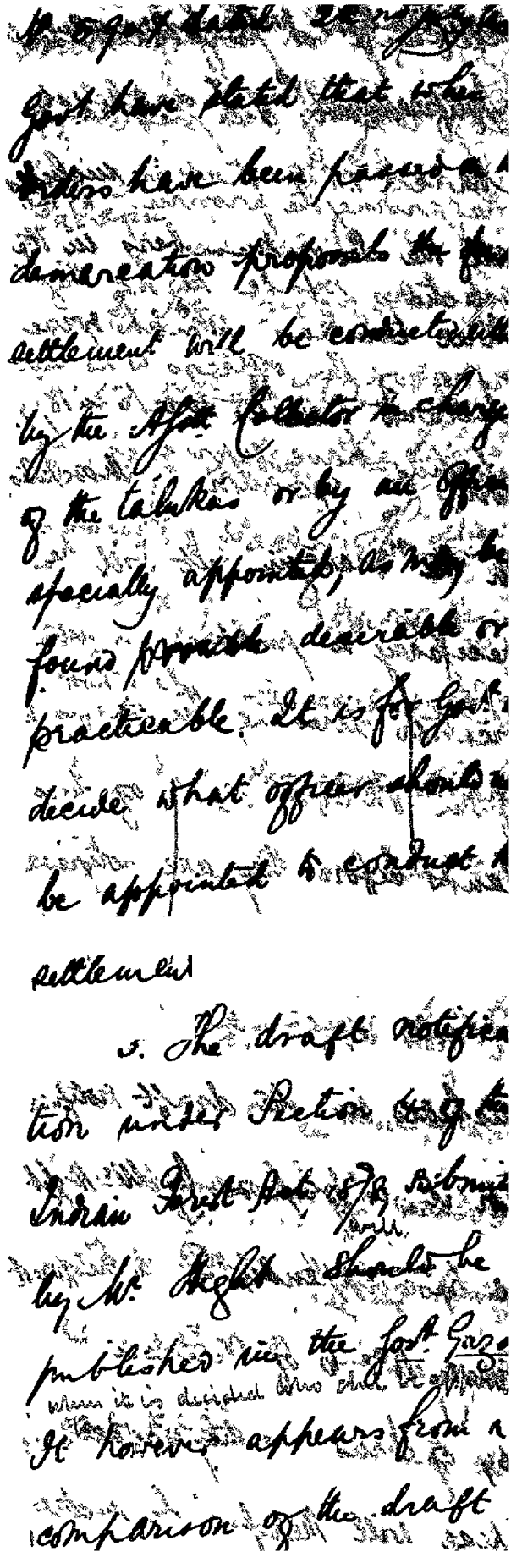
No. 3403 1/7/14.

Submitted.

Mr. Night, Divisional Forest Officer, Kaladgi, submits a report on the forest demarcation effected by him in the talukás of the Bijápur District

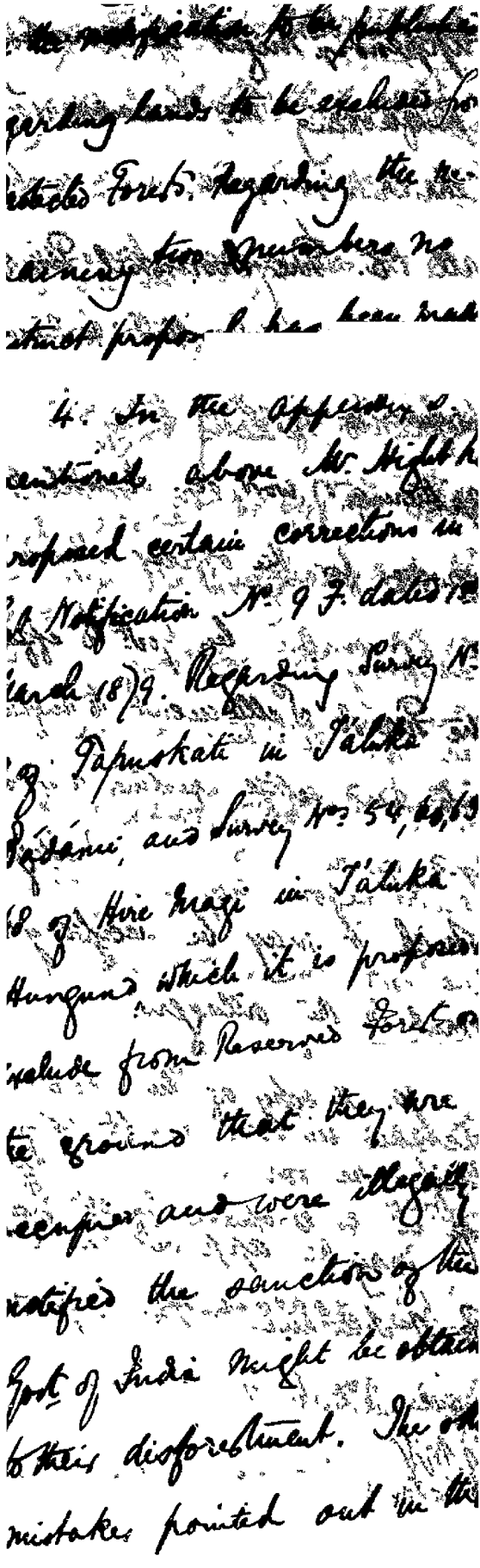
MS

exchange of private and
by recently acquired land
Regarding the propriety of the
decision made by Mr. Light
one of the officers who have
visited have expressed any
opinion and the Conservator
of Forests, S.C., and the Comr.
S.D., propose that the whole
matter may be left to the
judgment and discretion of
the Forest Settlement Officer to
be now appointed by Govt.
who should scrutinize the lists
prepared by Mr. Light and
carry out the settlement neces-
sary under the Act in the
three talukas under report.
In para. 2 of their Resn



notification with provisional
notification No 5 dated 1st
March 1879 that all the
11 the Survey numbers in the
three talukas which were
declared Protected Forests in 1879
with the exception of those noted
in the margin. It will be
necessary to publish a notifi-
cation directing the exclusion
from Protected Forests of these
lands before they are notified as
proposed Reserved Forests. Of the
Protected Forest numbers not
included in the draft notifica-
tion it is proposed by Mr Hight
in his appendix D. to disforest
Survey No. 6 of Nilkeri &
969 of Sirur as they are occupied.
These will therefore be included

Village.	Survey No.
Nilkeri	6
Unugwadi	74
Sirur	969
Tegi	78



[illegible] 27/4

[illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible]

5. The Divisional Land Officer has submitted certain proposals regarding [illegible] Settlement [illegible] Kanungo for the officer who may be appointed by Govt. to effect the Forest Settlement to enquire into and settle existing rights and recommend any privileges which it may be thought [illegible] to the villagers.

6. A copy of the papers might be forwarded to the officer who may be appointed Forest Settlement Officer for information.

[illegible] 27/4

[illegible]

Misc. Letter Ca. 20 Dt. 23/4

C36/269

447891/85
765-A
1456 A/36

orests: Forest demarcation in the tálukás of the Bijápur District, south of the Krishna.

No. 3403.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th April 1885.

Letter from the Commissioner, S D., No. 3010, dated 23rd August 1884—Stating with reference to the concluding sentence of paragraph 2 of Government Resolution No 5907, dated 22nd July 1884, that the Collector of Kaládgi, whom he has consulted strongly deprecates the transfer of forest demarcation to the Assistant and Deputy Collector in charge of the tálukás north of the Krishna, and that he fully concurs in the opinion he (the Collector) has expressed; observing that the officers in charge of districts have their time fully occupied in the performance of their regular duties and that he can assure Government that without any extra duties their regular work especially the performance of watan registers, is much in arrears, and that it is his intention to make them clear these off to a considerable extent during the ensuing travelling season; and adding that Mr. Hight's report and lists have not yet been received, and that they will be expedited.

Memorandum from the Acting Commissioner, S D., No. 3640, dated 13th October 1884.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No 1029, dated 5th April 1885—Submitting a letter No. 6467, dated 12th February 1885, from the Conservator of Forests, S. C. who submits with reference to Government Resolution No 5907 dated 22nd July 1884, a report by Mr. Hight, Divisional Forest Officer, Kaládgi, on the demarcation of forests in the tálukás south of the Krishna, together with a letter from the Acting First Assistant Collector Mr McCallum and memorandum from the Collector reviewing the report

RESOLUTION.—Mr. Hight, Divisional Forest Officer, Kaládgi, submits a report on the forest demarcation effected by him in the talukas of the Bijápur District south of the River Krishna, viz, Bágalkot, Hungund and Bádámi.

2. The existing area of forests, both reserved and protected, in the three tálukás is 148,714½ acres The Divisional Forest Officer proposes to retain in forests the whole of this area with the exception of certain survey numbers which are occupied and were illegally notified on March 1st, 1879, to include in forests an additional area of 6,084½ acres of land at present used for free grazing and 20,371 $\frac{1}{10}$ acres of waste land, and to acquire hereafter by exchange or purchase about 267 acres of occupied land. Regarding the propriety of the selections made by Mr. Hight none of the officers who have reported have expressed any opinion, and the Conservator of Forests, S. C., and the Commissioner, S. D., propose that the matter may be left to the judgment and discretion of a Forest Settlement Officer to be now appointed by Government who should scrutinize the lists prepared by Mr. Hight and carry out the settlement necessary under the Act in the three tálukás under report. In paragraph of their Resolution No. 5907, dated 22nd July last, Government have stated that when orders have been passed on the demarcation proposals the forest settlement will be conducted either by the Assistant Collector in charge of the tálukás or by an officer specially appointed, as may be found desirable or practicable. There are at present three Assistant Collectors and a District Deputy Collector serving in the Bijápur District. The Commissioner, S. D should be asked to report whether one of the Assistants is competent to perform the duties of Forest Settlement Officer and can be spared and if so whom he would recommend.

3. The draft notification under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 187 submitted by Mr. Hight, will be published in the *Government Gazette* when it is decided who should be appointed to be Forest Settlement Officer. It however

[illegible] might be [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible]

3. The Provincial Land
Officer has submitted certain
proposals regarding [illegible]
[illegible] and he. Mr. [illegible]
[illegible] for the officer [illegible]
appointed by [illegible] to effect
the Land Settlement to enquire
into and settle existing rights
and recommend any privileges
which it may be necessary to
grant to the villagers.

4. A copy of the papers
might be forwarded to the officer
who may be appointed these
Land Settlement Officers for his
information.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

C36/269

1478/86
765A/86
1456/A/86

Forests: Forest demarcation in the tálukás of the Bijápur District south of the Krishna.

No. 3403.

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3. The draft notification under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878 submitted by Mr. Hight, will be published in the *Government Gazette* when it is decided who should be appointed to be Forest Settlement Officer. It however

appears from a comparison of the draft notification with Government Notification No. 9F, dated 1st March 1879, that it includes all the survey numbers in the three tálukás which were declared protected forests in 1879, with the exception of those noted in the margin. It will be necessary accordingly to publish a notification directing the exclusion from protected forests of these lands before they are notified as reserved forests and this notification will also be issued when the question as to who is to be appointed Forest Settlement Officer is determined. Of the protected forest numbers not included in the draft notification it is proposed by Mr. Hight in his Appendix D. to disforest Survey Nos. 6 of Nirlkeri and 969 of Sirur as they are occupied. These will therefore be included in the notification to be published regarding lands to be excluded from protected forests. Regarding the remaining two numbers no distinct proposal has been made.

Village.	Survey No.
Nirlkeri	6
Unugvádi	74
Sirur	969
Tegi	18

4. In the Appendix D. mentioned above Mr. Hight has proposed certain corrections in Government Notification No. 9F., dated 1st March 1879. Regarding Survey No. 9 of Tapuskati in Táluka Bádámi and Survey Nos 54, 60, 63 and 68 of Hire Magi in Táluka Hungund, which it is proposed to exclude from reserved forests on the ground that they are occupied and were illegally notified, the sanction of the Government of India should be obtained to their disforestment. The other mistakes pointed out in that appendix should be corrected by publishing the necessary *erratum*.

5. The Divisional Forest Officer has submitted certain proposals regarding grazing, gathering of wood, &c. It will be however for the officer who may be appointed by Government to effect the forest settlement to enquire into and settle existing rights and recommend any privileges the grant of which to the villagers seems to him to be expedient.

6. A copy of the papers should be forwarded to the officer who may be appointed to be Forest Settlement Officer for his information

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D,
The Collector of Bijápur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.,
The Government of India (by letter).

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Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Bijápur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.,
The Government of India (by letter).

Revenue Dept.

dated Bo. 31 March 1879

No. 3403 - Extract - In the

column here as "Boundary

distinguishes by the Survey

comprising the Reserved

Forests of the Collectorate

to Government Notification

of F. dated 1st March 1879

published at pages 200-20

of the Bombay Government

Gazette dated 6th idem. Pt. I.

Name of Táluka	Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area Survey
Mangrul	Kodichal	4	40
	Kolher	237	249
	Mandri	101	111
Badáni	Nilgund	109	101
	Jakhnur	23	Part 22
	Belwalkop	176	Part 176

2. In the column headed

boundaries as described

in the Survey No. comprising

"Protected Forests" of the

above schedule for "Survey

No. 84" enters opposite to

the village of Ankalgi, Taluk

Bagalkot, read "part of Survey

No. 84".

By order of

Secretary to Government

Bombay

For publication in the next

Gazette

Secretary to Government

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th April 1885.

No. 3403.—*Errata.*—In the column headed "Boundaries as distinguished by the Survey Nos. comprising the Reserved Forests" of the schedule annexed to Government Notification No. 9 *F*, dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 200-203 of the *Bombay Goverment Gazette* dated 6th idem, Part I :—

Name of Táluka	Name of Village.	*For* Survey No.	*Read* Survey No.
Hungund	Kodihal	4	40
	Kelur	239	249
	Murdi	191	111
Badámi	Nilgund	109	301
	Jakhnur	23	Part of 23
	Berwalkop	176	Part of 170

2. In the column headed "Boundaries as distinguished by the Survey Nos. comprising the Protected Forests" of the same schedule, *for* 'Survey No. 84' entered opposite to the village of Ankalgi, táluka Bágalkot, *read* 'part of Survey No. 84'

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,

Secretary to Government.

2. In the column headed "Boundaries" as distinguished by the Serial No. comprising the Postal Sorts" of the Rev. schedule for "Surrey" for 84 entries opposite the village of Ashtead, Fetch "Capital" read "part of" Epsom" for 84.

By Order &c
Imprint
Secy. to Post

For publication in the Post Office Gazette.

Secretary to Government

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 27th April 1885.

No. 3403.—*Errata.*—In the column headed "Boundaries as distinguished by the Survey Nos. comprising the Reserved Forests" of the schedule annexed to Government Notification No. 9 *F*, dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 200-203 of the *Bombay Goverment Gazette* dated 6th idem, Part I :—

Name of Táluka	Name of Village	*For* Survey No	*Read* Survey No.
Hungund	Kodihal	4	40
	Kelur ..	259	249
	Murdi	101	111
Badámi ..	Nilgund ..	109	101
	Jakhnur ..	23	Part of 23
	Berwalkop .	170	Part of 170

2. In the column headed "Boundaries as distinguished by the Survey Nos. comprising the Protected Forests" of the same schedule, *for* 'Survey No 84' entered opposite to the village of Ankalgi, táluka Bágalkot, *read* 'part of Survey No 84'

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,

Secretary to Government.

[illegible]

B.C. 20 April 188[illegible]

Memo.

The undersigned [illegible]
compliments to the Com. of
Forests, P.C. and with refe
to his letter No. 6467 dated
February 1885 to the address
of the Comr., S.D., submitting
a report No. 326 of 12 ult. Rep
1884 from Asst. Kight, Dist.
Forest Officer, Kalādgi, on
the forest Demarcation
the tālukās of the Bijap
Distt. South of the river
Krishna, is directed to

Sir,

I am directed to request that you will be so good as to move the Govt. of India to sanction the publication by notification under Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, VII of 1878, directing that from a date to be fixed thereon the Survey Numbers noted in the margin and situated in the Bijápur District shall cease to

Name of Taluka	Name of Village	Survey No.	Area A. G.
Mungaon	Shirol Magi	54	13-39
		60	19-26
		63	13-10
		68	19-8
Bádámi	Tapsakati	9	15-17
			81-20

C38/279 279

Regd. No.

HOME ~~1885~~ DEPT.

THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY,

Rev. DEPARTMENT.

No 3868—

Enclosures ~~—~~ None

spare copies.

Progs.

No.

Abstract.

Regretting sanction to the exclusion from Reserved Lands of certain Survey Numbers in the Bijápur District.

2. These Survey Numbers
are declared Reserved Forests on
[illegible] 1873 under the
provisions of Sec. 34 of the
Indian Forest Act No. XIX of
the Divisional Forest Officer,
Kalabagi, now proposes to
forest them on the ground
that they are occupied and
are consequently illegally notified
Reserved Forests, and the proposal
is with the concurrence of the
Conservator of Forests, N.C., and
the Collector, N.C.

Secy. to Govt.
21/4

BS

A C38/219 279

Regd. No.

HOME 1885 DEPT.

To SECRETARY to the GOVERNMENT of BOMBAY,

Rev. DEPARTMENT.

No. 3888 –

D. }

E. } enclosures } none

spare copies.

N. }

N. } Progs.

No.

References.

Abstract.

Reporting sanction to the exclusion from Reserved Lands of certain Survey Numbers in the Bijápur District.

Office suggestions.

Orders.

2 photolicatons which awarded
on
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
on R 9. 447 SA

[illegible]

From

Colonel H. Peyton

Conservator of Forests

Southern Circle

To

J. Monteath Esq

Under Secy to Government

Revenue Department

Bombay

Conservator's Offices

Gullapur, 7th May 1885

Sir,

With reference to your Memorandum No 3404 dated the 27th ultimo I have the honor to give below the information required by you as regards the areas of certain Survey numbers belonging to the villages of Here Nagnur and Tapsunkatti of Hungund and Badami talukas respectively of the Kaladgi District-

Name of Talukha	Name of village	Survey Number	area Acres	area Gts	Remarks
Hungund	Heri Nagi	54	13	39	
		60	19	26	
		63	13	10	
		68	19	8	
Badami	Jajnekate	9	15	17.	

81.20

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most Obt Servant

[signature] Colonel
Conservator of Forests S & C

1751A

Subject: Boundaries in the Villages of the Vijapur Taluka and Mahal of the Kaira District

Letter from the Commissioner of Accts. & C. No 5787/7 dated 1852 submitting with reference to Govt. No 3404 dated 27th ultimo, information as regards the names of certain Survey Nos belonging to the villages of Vasai Bagi & Sapneshati and Hanumant & Bardami Talabs respectively of the Kalodgi District.

(Papers Returned)

The blanks in the Column headed "Area" in the Statement in the margin of the letter to Govt of India have been filled and the letter returned.

This may be filed

[illegible]
for Secretary to Govt

563

No 6885 of 1884/85

From

Colonel W. Peyton

Conservator of Forests

Southern Circle

To

[redacted]

J. Monteath Esq

Under Secretary to Government

Revenue Department

Bombay

Conservator's Office S.C.

Camp Horalli, Kanara

Dated, the 6th Mar. 1885

Sir,

With reference to Government Resolution No 3354 dated the 22nd May 1882 and para 2 of my letter No 3109 dated the 30th June last, I have now the honor to submit a report received from Mr Hight the Divisional Forest Officer Haladgi, descriptive of the lands selected by the Revenue Officers for forest purposes in the Talukas to the north of the Krishna river.

I submit for Rights
report in original so that
Government may have the
separate and independent
opinion of a " trained
Forest Officer from that of
mine in paras 15–18 of my
Administration report for
1880/81 and in which I stated
that the greater part of those
lands, which were selected by
the Revenue Officers, and of
which they prepared lists in
order to have them transferred
for management to the Forest
Department" are utterly worthless
value for forest purposes of
any kind and, therefore, in
lands of the Forest Department
must only prove a source of
great trouble and expence
without the possibility of any
return."

3. I would remark that
Government accepted this

opinion in Clause 3 of para 4
of their Resolution No 7796 F
dt 22d December 1881 on the Forest
Administration Report for 1880/81
put in para 2 of their subse-
quent Resolution No 3354 before
quoted I was directed to sub-
mit further report through
the Commissioner S. D. on the
suggestions contained in
para 9 of the Government of
India letter No 360 F dated
the 28th April 1882. These sug-
gestions advocated the pro-
tection and reboisement of
the tracts in question and
expressed a hope that mere
considerations of revenue
should not be allowed to
unfavourably influence this.
4. I am fully sensible
that it is quite possible to
hold erroneous opinions, no
of all on a subject like this
but I feel bound to say that
further consideration and
acquainta-

countenance of these lands
in no way alter my former
opinion regarding them. On
the contrary I feel more than
ever assured they are utterly
useless for forest purposes,
and from their dry & gravelly
nature unlikely if not incap-
able with any measures
of protection & reboisement
to confer advantages, clima-
tic or otherwise, on the sur-
rounding cultivated area.

5. It will be seen,
moreover from paras 2 &
3 of the Rights report that
he has formed the same esti-
mate of them as I do now
and did previously in 1880/81
when I took considerable
trouble to examine them.

6. Small groves of trees
may be successfully raised
here and there on the lower
lying portions of the

to may babul on some of
the patches of waste land
which was under cultivation
previous to the famine, but
in my opinion, no success
need be looked for from
measures of conservancy
applying to the whole (comprising
ve 6,000 acres) which I insist
must end in utter discom
fiture and at the cost of so
much money and vexation
restrictions on the inhabitan
who have been accustomed
for ages to use them as grazin
and standing grounds for the
cattle between the sowing
and reaping of their fields.
7. I quite agree with
Mr Hight and it has been
my opinion from the first
as to the utter unproductiveness
of these barren wastes to grow
the merest scrub even, and that
if attempt is made to protect
and reboose them they must be
closure

closure and closure means
[illegible]-able expense where
be protected is
large and scattered.

In [illegible] waste
of resources, I think, two, to
attempt protection and re-
inforcement in a direction
where the very best efforts are
so likely to result in no good
whatever, and so long, more-
over, as we have tracts else-
where valuable beyond all
manner of doubt where the
protection allowed is next
to useless. I there fore and as
may be understood from what
I have already said would
not recommend more land
to be taken up to the North
of the Krishna than that re-
ferred to in para 4 of Mr.
Hight's report, and a list of
which I have marked A and
append, together with other such
waste

waste lands as are found
suitable in the vicinity of the
Railway between the Krishna
river at Alumatti and the
Bhima river dividing the Ka-
[redacted] District from that of
Sholapur and which if plant
with babul would prove of
value in supplying some
of the fuel requirements of
the locomotives.

9 As regards paras 5
and 6 of the Highth report
I consider that land oc-
cupation along the Krishna
Bhima and Don rivers is
too valuable and highly prized
by the ryots to be easily ac-
quired except at prohibitive
compensation, so high as to make
its purchase undesirable or
likely to pay if turned into
babul groves for fuel.

10 Such as there was un-
occupied has I think been al-
ready acquired, and in case

there

There is still any left it can
be taken up, but with this,
I fear, and for the reason
stated we shall have to con-
tent ourselves.

Lastly I would
desire to say that if Govern
ment approve that the list
of lands appended should
be acquired I shall be
glad to submit a Schedule
of them for notification under
Section 4 of the Forest Act.
They are not in occupation,
and belong to Government.

12. The Collector has already
added his remarks on the
subject when forwarding the
Chiefs report and I therefore
submit this through the Com-
missioner only.

13. I would also add
with reference to Government
Resolution No 5907 dated the
22nd July 1884 that the Chiefs
Rights

delibi-

selection of lands in the Talu
South of the Krishna river has
been completed and the list
of them with his report and
my remarks forwarded to
the Commissioner S.D. on the
12th February last.

I have the honour to be
&c
Your most obt Servant
W. Wilson Colonel
Conservator of Forests S.C.

Through
The Commissioner.

790 of 1885.

Revenue Department

Camp Bijapur 5th April 1885.

Submitted to Government.

2. The Commissioner has seen some
of the barren land which it was pro-

used to convert into forests and
I entirely concurs with Colonel
Peyton as to the uselessness of the
attempt. Although it is impossible
to throw large areas into forests
as in the Southern portion of the
Collectorate there is no reason why
Babul plantations should not
be raised along the new Eastern
Deccan line and on the banks of
rivers wherever suitable waste
lands may be available. Colonel
Peyton proposes to take steps in this
direction. The undersigned is of
opinion that he should be desired
to select limited areas for the
purpose through his subordinates,
they should then be notified under
Section 4 of the act and referred
to the Forest Settlement officer
for final settlement.

Asst Commissioner S.D.

Commissioner S.D.

[illegible] to convert into forests and he entirely concurs with Colonel Peyton as to the uselessness of the attempt. Although it is impossible to turn large areas into forests as in the Southern portion of the Collectorate there is no reason why Babul plantations should not be raised along the new Eastern Deccan line and on the banks of rivers wherever suitable waste lands may be available. Colonel Peyton proposes to take steps in this direction. The undersigned is of opinion that he should be desired to select limited areas for the purpose through his subordinates, they should then be notified under Section 4 of the Act and referred to the Forest Settlement officer for final settlement.

A. and C. Maitland

Commissioner S.D.

A

Demarcation Statement of the Bagevadi Taluka

A

Declaration
Statement
of the Bagenadi Patties

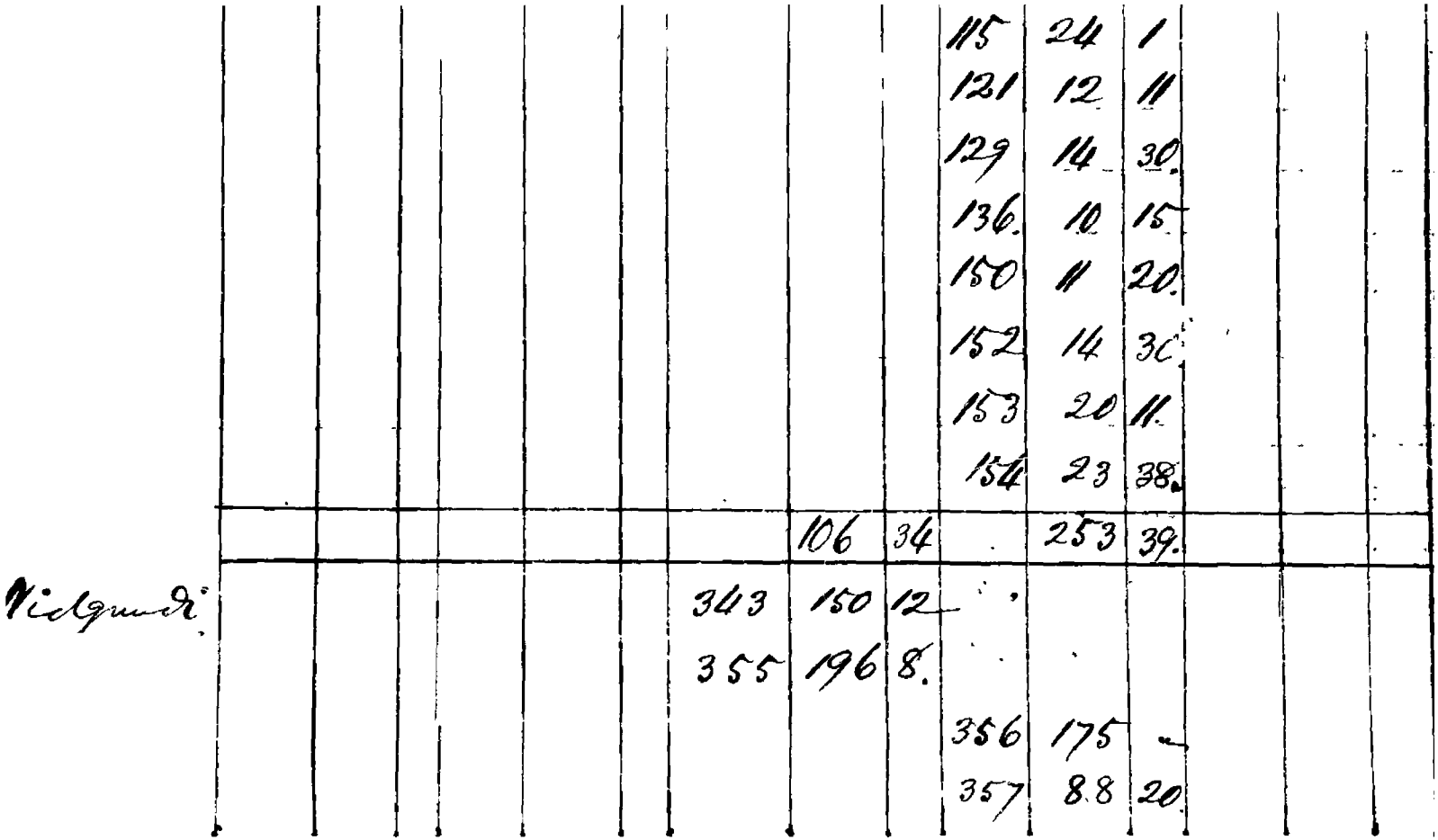
Demarcation Statement of Bagevadi taluka to accompany Kaladdi Divisional Forest Office's No 502 dated 7 January 1885

Name of the Villages.	Existing Forest Reserves.						Free grazing lands.			Waste Lands.			Occupied Lands.			Remarks
	Old Survey.			Revision Survey.			Revision Survey No.	Area		Revision Survey No.	Area		Revision Survey No	Area		
	Survey No	Area A	G.	Survey No	Area A	G.										
Shimalgi	277	14	16	97	12	27										
	283.	13	6	98	13	11.										
							66	283	34							
										61	15	32				
										63	11	31				
Total					25	38		283	34		27	23				
Araldini							18	100	37	15	3	12				

C3/1391

		42	5	19.	
		66	7	28.	
		67	146	10.	
		76	193	31.	
	100	37.	353	8	
Marinati.		3	15	31	
		4	24	30	
		5	67	39.	
		6	11	22.	
		7	92	.	
		8	34	5.	
			246	7	

Devalapús				47	15	5
				43	14	2
				44	99	33
				45	175	27
				46	214	37
Total					519	24
Benab.		164	106 34			
				110	51	16
				111	14	35
				112	26	16
				113	19	27
				114	9	29


115 24 1
121 12 11
129 14 30.
136. 10 15
150 11 20.
152 14 30
153 20 11.
154 23 38.
106 34 253 39.
Richmond
343 150 12
355 196 8.
356 175
357 88 20

										346	20		263	20			
Sidnath.												174	5	27			
												175	4	9.			
												176.	3	3.			
Total													12	39.			
Mutaldin												9	28	30.			
Total.													28	30			
Almatti.	4.	8	31	33	8	17.		13.	85	19.							
					8	17			85	19.							

Kaladgi Divisional
Forest Office's office,
Camp Bagalkot
7th January 1881

Divisional
Forest Officer, Kal

Letter from the

Comr. of Forests, B. C.,

No. 1885 dd 16th March

1885 — Submitting with

refce to F. R. No. 338-4 dd

22 May 1882 & para 2

of his letter No. 3109 dd

30th June last — a report

from Mr. Hiebert,

Dist. Forest officer,

Kelsey, describing

the lands selected by

the Revenue officers for

forest purposes in the

talukas to the North of

the Kaladan river.

Memo: from the

Comr., B. D., No. 990 dd

5th Sept. 1885 — Submitting the above

letter

MS

C36/321

2399/95
2407/95
2402/95
4091/95
1193/95
8549/94

Forests, Bijápur.

No. 3573.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th May 1885.

Letter from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., No. 6885, dated 16th March 1885—Submitting, with reference to Government Resolution No. 3354, dated 22nd May 1882, and paragraph 2 of his letter No. 3109, dated 30th June last, a memorandum from the Collector of Bijápur, together with a report from Mr. Hight, Divisional Forest Officer, Kaladgi, describing the lands selected by the Revenue officers for forest purposes in the tálukas to the north of the Krishna River.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 990, dated 5th April 1885.

RESOLUTION.—All the officers whose reports are before Government concur in considering that it is useless to attempt measures of protection and reboisement in the greater portion of the available waste land to be found in the tracts of country lying north of the River Krishna in the Bijápur District. It is however considered that groves of trees and plantations can successfully be reared in certain specified lands on the slopes of some of the low hills near the Krishna in the Bágevádi Táluka and in other suitable waste lands lying along the new Eastern Deccan Railway line and on the banks of rivers. As suggested by the Commissioner, S. D., the Conservator of Forests, S. C., should be requested to have lists of such suitable waste lands prepared by his subordinates and to submit a draft notification under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, for publication in the *Government Gazette*. After their notification the settlement of the lands may be effected by the Forest Settlement Officer.

2. In paragraph 5 of his report the Divisional Forest Officer Mr. Hight recommends the acquisition by purchase of portions of the occupied lands which lie along the banks of the Krishna, the Bhima and the Don. Most of these lands are however stated by the Collector to be very valuable for cultivation and capable of growing crops even in years of insufficient rainfall, when no crops will grow on other lands. Again, as remarked by the Conservator of Forests, these lands if converted into forests can never be made to yield an adequate return for the large amount of money which will necessarily have to be paid to the holders in the shape of compensation. The Governor in Council therefore concurs with the Collector and the Conservator of Forests in considering that the acquisition for forest purposes of these lands is clearly undesirable. Viewed from a purely financial aspect these narrow strips of riverside plantations would probably prove an unprofitable investment of money, whilst for climatic purposes they would obviously be of little if any value.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Bijapur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

2
4/5

Forests Bijápur

No 3573.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 4th May 1885.

Letter from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., No. 3885, dated 16th March 1885—Submitting, with reference to Government Resolution No. 3354, dated 22nd May 1882, and paragraph 2 of his letter No. 3109, dated 30th June last, a memorandum from the Collector of Bijápur, together with a report from Mr. Hight, Divisional Forest Officer, Kaládgi, describing the lands selected by the Revenue officers for forest purposes in the tálukás to the north of the Krishna River.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 990, dated 5th April 1885.

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2. In paragraph 5 of his report the Divisional Forest Officer Mr. Hight recommends the acquisition by purchase of portions of the occupied lands which lie along the banks of the Krishna, the Bhima and the Don. Most of these lands are however stated by the Collector to be very valuable for cultivation and capable of growing crops even in years of insufficient rainfall, when no crops will grow on other lands. Again, as remarked by the Conservator of Forests, these lands if converted into forests can never be made to yield an adequate return for the large amount of money which will necessarily have to be paid to the holders in the shape of compensation. The Governor in Council therefore concurs with the Collector and the Conservator of Forests in considering that the acquisition for forest purposes of these lands is clearly undesirable. Viewed from a purely financial aspect these narrow strips of river-side plantations would probably prove an unprofitable investment of money, whilst for climatic purposes they would obviously be of little if any value.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Bijápur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

0 2
5/5

1885.

Rev. Dep

No. 563

Forests

Bijapur

Declarations & Settle-
-ments made under t
Indian Forest Act, 18

Part II

Former Papers in Comp. No. 563 of 18

Subsequent No. 563 of 18

216

From C. C. Daukes, Esquire, C.S.

To

The Secretary to the
Government of Bombay
Revenue Department

Simla, the 20th May 188

Sir

In reply to Mr Monteath's letter
No. 3888 of the 14th instant, I am directed to
convey the sanction of the Government of
India to the issue by the Government of
Bombay of a Notification, under
section 26 of the Indian Forest Act (VII
of 1878), declaring that, from a date to
be fixed in such Notification, four
survey numbers situated in the
Mungund and Badami talukas of the
Bijapur District, and the aggregate
area of which is stated to be 81 acres
and 20 guntas, shall cease to be reserved
forest

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant

C. Daukes
Under Secy to the Govt of India

Forests.—Exclusion from reserved —— of certain lands in the Hungund & Badami Táluka of the Bijapur District.

Letter from the Under Secretary to the Government of Home Department (Forests) No 4535 dated 20th May 1885—

(Print the letter in full)

No 4417 dated 2/6/85

RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification directing the exclusion of the lands in question from reserved forests from 15-76 June 1885, should be published in the *Bombay Gazette*.

30-5 Jule with pt.

Under Secy. Govt.

30/5

To Commissioner S. D.
" Collector Bijapur
" Conservator of Forests S.C.

C36/329

32

Forests: Exclusion from reserved —— of certain lands in the Hungund and Bádámi Talukás of the Bijápur District.

No. 4417.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1885.

Letter from the Under Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Forests), No. 453F., dated 20th May 1885:—

"In reply to Mr. Monteath's letter No. 3888 of the 14th instant, I am directed to convey the sanction of the Government of India to the issue by the Government of Bombay of a notification, under Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act (VII. of 1878), declaring that, from a date to be fixed in such notification, five survey numbers situated in the Hungund and Bádámi Talukás of the Bijápur District, and the aggregate area of which is stated to be 81 acres and 20 gunthás, shall cease to be reserved forest."

RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification directing the exclusion of the lands in question from reserved forests from 15th June 1885 should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Bijápur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

2216

exclusion from reserved —— of certain lands in the Muragund Petty Bagalkot Taluka Bijapur District

From the Under Secretary to the Government of India Home Department (Forests), No 4538 dated 26th May 1885

(Print the letter in full)

No 4447 dt 1/6/85

RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification directing the exclusion of the lands in question from reserved forests from 15th June 1885 should be published in the Bombay Government Gazette

30.5 Submitted. Mr Deputy Secy. 30/5

The Commissioner, S. D.
The Collector of Bijapur
The Conservator of Forests, S.C.

Printed 3

1/6.

C36/329

37

Forests: Exclusion from reserved —— of certain lands in the Hungund and Bádámi Talukás of the Bijápur District.

No. 4417.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1885.

Letter from the Under Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department (Forests), No. 453F., dated 20th May 1885 :—

"In reply to Mr. Monteath's letter No. 3888 of the 14th instant, I am directed to convey the sanction of the Government of India to the issue by the Government of Bombay of a notification, under Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act (VII. of 1878), declaring that, from a date to be fixed in such notification, five survey numbers situated in the Hungund and Bádámi Táluká of the Bijápur District, and the aggregate area of which is stated to be 81 acres and 20 gunthás, shall cease to be reserved forest."

RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification directing the exclusion of the lands in question from reserved forests from 15th June 1885 should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Bijápur,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

9216

For publication in the *Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government

NOTIFICATION.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1865.

No. 4417. Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to direct that from 15th June 1865 the lands specified in the following Schedule shall cease to be Reserved Forests in the Haveli & Badami Táluka of the Bijápur District:—

Name of Táluka	Name of village	Survey No.	Area A	Area G
Haveli	Aire Nagi	54	18	39
		60	19	26
		63	10	10
		68	17	8
Badami	Tajnekati	9	15	17
	Total		81	20

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council

J. Nugent

Under Secretary to Government

r publication in the *Government Gazet*

Under Secretary to Governmen

NOTIFICATION.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 188 5.

417 Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VI
overnor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor Ge
Council, to direct that from 15th June 1885 the lands specified in the fo
g Schedule shall cease to be Reserved Forests in the Mangrul & Bodaini Tálukás
Bijápur District :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Taluka	Name of village	Area in square miles		
		Sq.	M.	C.
Mangrul	Dive Nagi	5	4	39
		1	0	26
		6	3	10
		6	8	19
Bádámi	Jafrechali	9	15	17
	Total		81	20

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Coun

For publication in the *Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1885.

No. 4417.—Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No VII. of 1878, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to direct that from 15 June 1885 the lands specified in the following Schedule shall cease to be Reserved Forests in the Hungund and Bádámi Táluka of the Bijapur District:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Táluka	Name of village	Survey No.	Area A.	Area G.
Hungund	Hire Magi	54	13	39
		60	19	26
		63	13	10
		68	19	8
Bádámi	Japtsrati	9	15	17
		Total	81	20

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. Nugent.

Secretary to Government.

C36/335

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd June 1885.

No. 4417.—Under the provisions of Section 26 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, the Governor in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to direct that from 15th June 1885 the lands specified in the following Schedule shall cease to be Reserved Forests in the Hungund and Bádámi Tálukas of the Bijápur District :—

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			A.	g.
Hungund	Hire Magi	54	13	30
		60	19	26
		63	13	10
		68	19	8
Bádámi	Tapuskatt	9	15	17
		Total	81	20

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C36/335

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		63	13	10
		68	19	8
Bádámi	Tapusnati	9	15	17
		Total	81	20

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

TOTAL EXPOSURES

END

START

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

NAME OF RECORD : REVENUE DEPTT. VOL.

NO :

YEAR :

EXPOSED BY : ANIL SAWANT

DATE :

1885

REVENUE DEPTT.

VOL.NO. 120

1885.

Rev. Dept.

No. 562

Forests

Dharwar

Declarations & Settle-ments made under the Indian Forest Act, 187

Complete

120

Former Papers in Comp. No. 562 of 1884

Subsequent " No. 562 of 1886

562

From—

L. R. Middleton Esquire

Acting Collector ~~and Magistrate~~ of the District of Dharwar.

To, Arthur Crawford Esquire

Commissioner S.D.

Dharwar Collector's Office

Dharwar 18th August 1885.

Sir

I have the honour to request that Survey No 299 of Chapinkeri in Gadag Taluka which by Government Notification No 1405 B dated 2nd March 1882 was declared to be protected forest, may be declared to be no longer forest.

Re-afforesting Survey No 299 of Chapinkeri Taluka Gadag —

Pol. 74/82 & page 6 of the Index copy

2. This number was originally a tank. It was improved by the Irrigation Department and an additional water-rate was in consequence imposed on the lands below it when it was levied in 1878-79 & 1879-80. In 1880 it was brought to notice that the tank was defective in certain points and did not hold a sufficient supply of water [illegible]

correspondence [1] you ... any orders that the extra water rate should be remitted & the right to take the water from the tank should be sold for three years by inviting tenders.

G.R. No 3950 of 7th July 1881, Rev Deptt
G.R. No 191 W.S. 372 of 16th July 1881
G.R. No 6 W.S.-9 of 3rd January 1882
G.R. No 6638 of 8th September 1883 Rev Deptt
G.R. No 784 of 26th January 1882 Rev Deptt

3. While this correspondence was going on, the forest settlement of the Taluka was made and this tank which at that time held no water was included in the land declared to be protected forest. As the tank was in the forest the revenue derived from it by the sale of the right to take the water is claimed by the Forest Department.

4. The Ryots ought not to have been included in the forest. The tank had been repaired at a heavy cost by the Irrigation Department & it irrigates land which is on that account subjected to a water rate. The fields which it irrigates adjoin the embankment & are not included in the Forest. I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient Servant

[illegible] A.C.I.

[1] Vol 16 1/82 page [illegible] Revenue Dept

[2] copy put page 337

[3] Vol 2/7/82 page 425 Revenue Dept

[4] C 1555/83 Revenue Dept

Province Government many owners

G. R. No 3950 of 7th July 1887, Rev Deptt
G R. " 191 W. J. of 16th July 1881 -
G R. No 372 W. J. - 9 - of 3rd January 1882
G R No 6658 of 8th September 1883. Rev Deptt
G R No 784 of 26th January 1884 Rev Deptt -

that the extra water rate should be remitted & the right to take the water from the tank — should be sold for three years by auction which is being now done.

3. While this correspondence was going on, the forest settlement of the Taluka was made and this tank which at that time held no water was included in the land declared to be protected forest. As the tank is now in the forest the revenue derived from it by the sale of the right to take the water is claimed by the Forest Department.

4. The Runder ought not to have been included in the forest. The tank had been repaired at a heavy cost by the Irrigation Department & it irrigates land which is on that account subjected to a water rate. The fields which it irrigates adjoin the embankment & are not included in the Forest.

I have the honour to be Sir
Your most obedient servant

Through
Engineer for Irrigation Bra

M. M. Gokhale
Acting Collector

* Vol 161/15 page Notice of Duty

* copy put page 33.

Vol 2/171 page 4.

† C 155 5/6 copy

6784/414 Vol 1/81 Vol 1/77

such lands are under the control of the Forest of such lands entitled to, the Department, it is evident that such lands should not be included in areas which are in any way under the control of the Forest Department.

Executive Engineer &c
Irrigation Rd

No 2780 Of 1885/86
Conservator's Office &c
Poona 26th August 1885

Forwarded to the Commissioner S.D.

2. The usual erratum declaring that the Survey Nos in question shall cease to be a Protected Forest, may in the opinion of the undersigned now be published in the Government Gazette.

To
The Commissioner
S.D.

Walter Colonel
Conservator of Forests

Dharwar Collector's letter
№ 3249 Dated 18th August 188
and accompaniments.

№ 2552 of 1885

Revenue Departmen
Poona 4th September
1885

Submitted to Governmen
with a request that Survey
№ 99 of Chaginkeri, Taluka
Gadag be deforested for the
reasons given by the Collector

Commissioner

4/9

3290A

Forests: Exclusion from Protected Forests of survey No 99 of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka of the Dhárwár Dist.

Memo: from the Commr. S.D., No 25524 of 4th Sept. 1885 — Submitting memo from the Conservator of Forests, S.C., & the Ex. Engineer for Irrigation, B.D., together with a letter No 3249 of 18th Augt 1885 from the Collr Dhárwár, who requests for the reasons given that survey No 99 of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka, which was declared a Protected Forest by Govt Notn No 140 Dated 2nd March 1882, may be declared to be no longer forest: the Commr requesting that the survey No in question be deforested for the reasons given by the Collr.

D.Y.Ls

Orgd Tim Bk D

Item No
24/9

The ...
notification excluding
survey number 99 of
the village of Chajoli
in the Gadag Taluka
from Protected Forests
shall be published in
the Bombay Govt
Gazette.

Minute 23.9
MNN 24/9
24.9
DSW

To The Comm'r S.D.
The Collr of Dharwar
The I.F.S. C.
Pune Circle
24/9

Forests: Exclusion from Protected Forests of Survey No. 99 of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka of the Dhárwár District.

No. 7721.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 2552, dated 4th September 1885—Submitting memoranda from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., and the Executive Engineer for Irrigation, Belgaum and Dhárwár, together with a letter No. 3249, dated 18th August 1885 from the Collector of Dhárwár, who requests for the reasons given that Survey No. 99 of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka, which was declared to be a protected forest by Government Notification No. 1405-B, dated 2nd March 1882, may be declared to be no longer forest: the Commissioner requesting that the survey number in question be disforested for the reasons given by the Collector.

RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification excluding Survey No. 99 of the village of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka from protected forests should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Dhárwár,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

Forests: Exclusion from Protected Forests of Survey No. 99 of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka of the Dhárwár District.

No. 7721.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

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RESOLUTION.—The requisite notification excluding Survey No. 99 of the village of Chaginkeri in the Gadag Táluka from protected forests should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Dhárwár,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1885.

No. 7721.—With reference to Govern—— Notification No. 1405*B*, dated 2nd March 1882, published at pages 191—195 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 16th idem, Part I., His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease from the date of this notification to be a Protected Forest in the Gadag Táluka of the Dhárwár District :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village	Survey No.
Chapiqkeri	

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 24th September 1

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Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey No.	Area
		A.
Chagiukeri	99	88

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Cou

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

TOTAL EXPOSURES

20

END

START

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

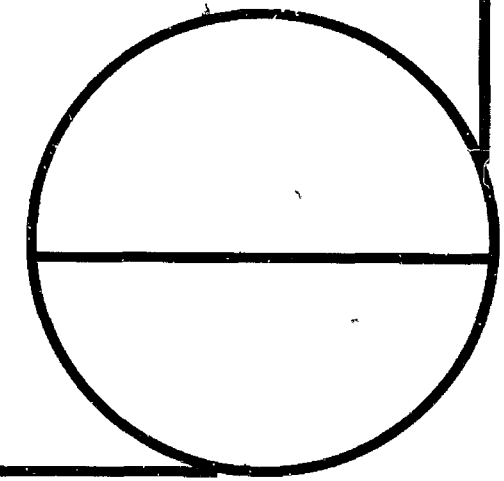
NAME OF RECORD : **REVENUE** DEPTT. VOL.

NO :

YEAR :

EXPOSED BY : ANIL SAWANT

DATE :



1885

REVENUE DEPTT.

VOL.NO. 120

DEPARTMENT OF ARCHIVES

GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA, MUMBAI.

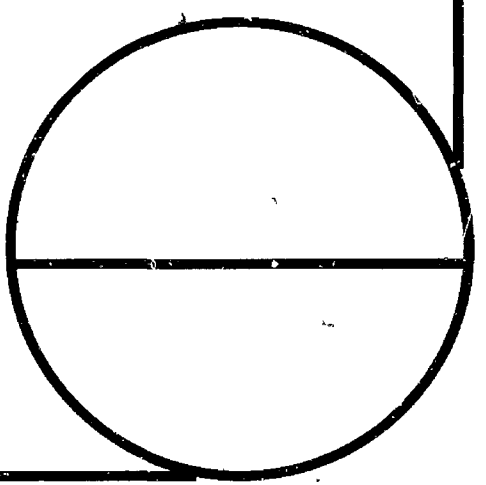
NAME OF RECORD : **REVENUE** DEPTT. VOL.

NO :

YEAR :

EXPOSED BY : ANIL SAWANT

DATE :



1885.

Rev. Dept.

No. 564

Forests

Kanara

Declarations and Settlements made under the Indian Forest Act, 1878

Former Papers in Comp. No. of 18

Subsequent ,, No. of 18

1370

No 4455 of 1884

From

G. W. Vidal Esquire

Collector of Kanara

To

J. G. Moore Esquire

Commissioner S. D.

Karwar 14th October 1884

Sir,

In para: 24 of my Administration Report for the first year, I have alluded at some length to the subject of Forest Demarcation and Settlement in this District, and have endeavoured to explain why, under the existing arrangements, the progress made in

Forest Demarcation & Settlement of Kanara

Dve

Para 8 of Mr. Davidson's letter No 4573, dt 30/8/93 disposed of by GR No 1506 dated 26-2-94 - para 3 of Report on the Demarcation and Settlement of the Kanara forests.

this important work is not so rapid as could be wished. In fulfilment of the intention therein expressed, I have now the honor to submit a report showing what has already been accomplished in this direction, and what still remains to be done, and making proposals for the future conduct of the work.

2. The following table gives the details of the forests demarcated and settled by Messrs Edmond & Hope Cox from 1876 to 1882.

Taluka & Mahal	Total No of villages	Area of Forests in Square Miles: Reserved	No of villages	Protected	No of villages	No & date of G.R. sanctioning proposals	Remarks.
Mundgod	93	55.1	16	106.7	86	No 5569 of 20th Oct 1880. No 1860. No 232 dated 12th January 1881.	The whole of the Mundgod Peta of the Yellapur Taluka is finally settled.
Supa (Mamlutdar's division)	138	261.86	None.	None.		No 6334 of 30th Nov 1880. No 7391 of 15th December 1876.	The whole of the Mamlutdar's division of the Supa Taluka has been finally settled
Ankola	93	122	24	43.6	24	No 5569 of 20th Oct 1880.	Out of the 93 villages in Ankola 24 villages formerly included in Kumpta remain to be finally settled. 68 have been settled & in the remaining 24 there are no forest lands.
Sirsi	312	34.01	19	98.6	103	No 5569 of 20th Oct 1880. No 6225 of 11th Dec 1879. No 6334 of 30th Nov 1880.	Of the 312 villages in the Sirsi Taluka about 190 villages more or less according to Survey Settlement in progress remain to be demarcated & settled which 122 have been finally settled.
Karwar	61	211.4	60.	None.	59	No 1119 of 7.8.9.1562 31st March 1879.	The whole of Karwar has been nominally finally settled but vide remarks in paras 18 & 19 of report

"I would here beg to remind you that up to 1882 all the demarcation and settlement work and inquiries relating thereto, was done by an officer specially appointed for the purpose and relieved of all other duties. Q Such was however decided by Government in 1882 (G.R. No 4732 of 20th July) that Mr Horsley, the then Settlement Officer should be relieved of his duties, and that the work then remaining to be done should be carried out as recommended by the Conservator, viz, that the Forest Officers should themselves select the lands to be notified and that the Assistant Conser-

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Collector should be appointed
ex: officio Settlement officer.

4. Of the tracts entered
in the above table, the forests
of the Mundgod Petta 4.72
& in Kala and 122 Sirsi village
may be considered as finally
settled and disposed of. In
the case of each of these full
inquiries into rights have been
made and recorded, and the
settlement proposals have in
each case received the full
and final sanction of Govern-
ment.

5. As regards Haliyal
also Government have accorded
their final sanction to the proposals
made by Mr Eden (vide G.R.

No 7394 of 15th December 1876)
But in this case, the original
selections were made before the
distinction between Reserved and
Protected Forests was made
by the Act of 1878. the reserves
having been classified as special
ordinary, and district reserves,
according as it was proposed
to bring them under rigid conser-
vation, to open them if required,
for grazing on payment of fees,
or to throw them open for free
grazing and firewood collecting &c
& all these lands have now been finally notified as reserved
Forests under section 34 without
distinction - the Conservators
having been directed to make

X Notifica-
tion on
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from the notified area the
necessary assignments for
village forests, vide G. R. No
1119 of 1st March 1879.
7 S.G 15 623 P

Vol 81/79 ✗
7 pulling

6. Mr Horsley, the Assistant
Special Settlement Officer
considered therefore that the
Taluqdari Forests being lands
included in former demarcations
did not come within his cognizance
and this view was confirmed
by Government Resolution
No 5576 of 14th October 1879 para (3)
in which it is stated that

Vol 87/79
7 pulling

"the Conservator was undertaken
"to assign village Forests out of
"the notified area and this
"appears to be all that remains
"to be done"

7. Except therefore the preparation of the village Forest Registers - village forms (2 A) there remains no demarcation or settlement work in either Kalipal or Mundgod or the 72 Ankola and 122 Sirsi villages above mentioned.

8. The case however as regards Karwar is somewhat different. I have entered the Karwar Taluka in the above table as demarcated & settled, because all the Forests of that tract have already been finally notified as reserved Forests in 879 under section 34. But in this case there has been no regular previous inquiry such as Mr Elson

Notif No 15

had made in Kalyal.
Mr Ebden had it is true
previously classified the Kan
Forests as District and Specia
Reserves. But his proposals
were never embodied in any report
and there is nothing on record
beyond bare classified lists to
shew that any regular inquiries
were made by him into claims
rights or privileges. His work
in the Karwar Taluka was
interrupted by famine duty &
never resumed. From the letter
and Statements however that
Mr Ebden left, the Conservator
of Forests in preparing the lists
of forest lands for notification
called for in G.R 5357 of 19th October

Pant-

1518

last classified the Kanara
forests in accordance with the
Elders' selections.

9. In submitting the
lists the Conservator C.F.
in para: 15 of his No 2057 of
the 7th December 1878 expressed
a doubt whether the Kanara
forests pending the decision of
the High Court on the Appeal
in the Kanara Forest Case
could properly be declared Reserved Forests.

10. In dealing with these
lists Revenue Government
vide Resolution No 1119 of
7th 9th 15th 26th
11th March 1879 decided on notifying
the entire forest area of the
Kanara Talukas as reserved
forests under Section 34 of the
Act - Column 14 of the list submitted

Vide

× Govt. 1119 of 1/3/79 Vols 80 & 81

× Govt 3522 of 7/7/80 & 1152/80 Judicial

× Vol 81/79

showed the total forest area
of the Taluka. viz. 137. 2a. 24s. 34g.
In columns 15 & 16 this total
area is again divided according
to Mr Elden's classification into
(1) District or Village Forests
60. 9a. 36g. 11 and (2) Special and
ordinary 86. 2a. 68. 39g. But both
these sub heads of "District &
Village Forests" & "Special
& Ordinary," were included under
the main head of "Reserved Forests."
Whether it was intended or not
that both classes alike should
be notified as Reserved Forests
I am unable to say, but judging
from the course taken with regard
to all the other Kanara Forests
subsequently settled, it would be

have

have been more in accordance with usual practice and more convenient to have classed the District & Village Reserves in which grazing and other privileges were allowed as "Protected" and the rest of the lands as "Reserved Forests."

11. However this may be, the entire forest area of the Kanara Taluka is now reserved Forest under section 34. Mr Horsley naturally considered that these forests did not come within his cognizance as Settlement Officer, having been included under a former demarcation. In para: 4 of G.R. No 5576 of the 14th October 1879 it is stated

Etc

that the only difference between the cases of the Karwar Taluka and the Haliyal or Taluka division of Supa) is that in the Karwar Taluka the Collector states that no free grazing assignments were made and Colonel Anderson explains that the practice has been that people graze their cattle "wherever they please in Forest "lands and at the settlement "no change was made because "Karwar was a centre of agitation "against the Survey Settlement.

The great difference however between the Haliyal and Karwar demarcation is as I have already explained that in the former

former case the proposals were made after full and detailed investigation, while in the case of Karwar there is no record beyond the classified lists referred to.

12. In order to settle the grazing question in Karwar Mr Horsley was by the same Resolution authorised to apply Section 116 of the Act. This authorisation I take to have been tantamount to a direction under the 3rd clause of Section 34 to inquire into, settle, and record certain rights not previously settled. Mr Horsley however does not appear to have taken any further action in the matter up to the time of his going

over charge of his duties, and the inhabitants of the Karwar Taluka continue to exercise unrestrictedly all the old customary privileges throughout the whole reserved area, except within a radius of 6 miles from Karwar, where the forests are strictly conserved. Until therefore this question has been finally settled, it cannot be said that no work remains to be done in the Karwar Taluka.

13. I presume that the Settlement officer for the time being would be justified in making assignments for free grazing and other

other privileges after judicial
enquiry on the authority of the
Resolution above quoted. I
would however here respectfully
represent that as five years
have elapsed from the date of
the final notification of the
Kanara blocks as reserved forests
it would be better, if possible,
to avoid the complicated issues
which might arise, if the whole
question of Claims, rights &c,
in these forests were now reopened
and made the subject of formal
judicial enquiries. All that is
really wanted is that certain
areas should be set apart, within
which the people may
receive the usual privileges

to pasture on payment offer
and removal of forest produce
conceded in Protected Forests
in this District, and to assign
if necessary, limited areas for
free grazing from the Reserves.
14. The District & Village
Forests of Mr Ebden's lists
would naturally be those in
which these customary privileges
would be continued & the
special and ordinary reserves
those in which greater conservancy
would be enforced. Some
modifications might of course
be necessary under altered cir-
cumstances, but Mr Ebden's
classification would naturally
be the basis on which the area

within which privileges may continue to be exercised and would be selected.

16. If Government approve I would suggest that instead of taking Judicial action in the matter and reopening the inquiry into the Karwar Grant under section 34 Clause 3, they should be considered as formally settled under section 34 & held free of rights, but that a further special report should be made recommending in detail what reservable privileges shall be allowed to the people in specified areas. When this has been done and orders have been passed on such recommendations

the concessions granted have been duly recorded in the village Forest Registers, the Lands entered in the above statement may I think be all considered as having been finally settled.

Rev 4732
20/7/82
C 224/82
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Pendy

16. Since the abolition of the office of the Special Demarcation and Settlement Officer in 1882 and the dispersal of his establishment the following progress has been made.

The forest lands of the 80 villages of the Manbhoom division of the Pallapur Taluka were notified generally as protected forest under section 34, in March 1879. Subsequently the

Notifications
W 157 + 197.
91/3/79
copy furnished

the forest lands of 46 villages
aggregating 14609.97 a. as selected
by the District Forest Officer
were provisionally notified under
section 4 (GR No 540 of 26 January
1882). Similarly the selected
reserves of the 21 Ankola villages
remaining to be settled and
aggregating 99204 – 35 a. have been
notified. The formal judicial
inquiry under the Act in
respect of all these lands has
also been completed by Mr
Gleeson during the year preceding
seasons, and the settlement
reports are awaited, but I am
still unable to state the approxi-
mate date by which the final
proposals will be submitted

X C224/82 part + copy pubd

X Notifica- tion No 4946 of 2/7/83 .. 6584/83. & 2 Jan 84

17. In Kumpta containing in all 126 villages, the forest lands were also notified "en masse" as Protected Forests in 1879. In the season of 1883, Mr Talbot, the District Forest Officer of the Central Division selected forests and waste lands in 72 villages of Kumpta, & these selected, but unclassified, areas have been duly notified as proposed Reserved forests under section 4 of the Act (G.R. No 6191 of 21st August 1883). The settlement of these lands under the Act has not yet been completed. The notices were issued by the Settlement Office in January last, but the

Office X
No 237
11-3-79
by peon

C564/83 X
17 peons

the inquiries appear to have been delayed owing to correspondence between the Divisional Forest Officer and the Assistant Collector & Settlement Officer as to the areas to be constituted respectively Reserved & Protected Forests.

18. In addition to the lands already selected and notified since Mr Horsley's departure, I have received unclassified lists of waste lands to be notified under section 4 in 24 additional villages of the Dumpta Taluka selected by Mr Talbot. These lists are now being scrutinized and will be shortly submitted.

Mr Woodrow the District Forest Officer of the Southern Division has also during the last season been employed in demarcation work in the Sirsi Taluka, but I have not up to date received any lists of lands selected by him.

19. Q How in the two seasons which have elapsed, since the Special Demarcation and Settlement Officers' post was abolished, selections of forest lands have been made in 46+21+72 +24 = 163 villages, in all, & the formal judicial inquiries have been made in respect of 46+21 = 67 villages but no final proposals in respect of any of these lands have yet been submitted and the lands have not yet been finally notified

notified as Reserved or Protected
Forests under Section 19 & 20
of the Act.

20. The following
Statement therefore shews
the work still remaining
to be done (in addition to the
further report required in
respect of the Kanwar
Taluka above alluded to)
before the Demarcation
and Settlement of the
entire district is finally
completed.

Taluka or Petta.	Total No of villages.	No of villages finally demarcated & settled in which there are no forest lands.	No of villages remaining to be finally demarcated & settled.	Remarks.
Yellapur Mamlatdars Dn	80.	None	80.	In 46 villages the Demarcation & Settlement has been effected; but the final proposals have not been submitted & the lands have not been finally notified. Survey Settlement completed.
Sirsi	95.	72.	21.	These 21 villages have been demarcated & settled but the final reports have not been submitted & the lands have not been finally notified - Survey Settlement complete.
Kumpta	126.	None	126.	Selections of forest lands made & notified in 97 villages & made but not notified in 29 other villages. Settlement not yet effected in any of the villages & demarcation still incomplete. Survey Settlement compl.
Sirsi	312	122	190.	No selection of forest lands yet submitted. Survey Settlement partially introduced
Siddapur	95	None.	95	Survey Settlement not introduced. no demarcation yet attempted.
Honawar (Mamlatdars Dn.)	80.	None.	80.	Survey partially introduced - Demarcation not yet effected.
Bhatkul Petta	60.	None.	60	" " " " " " "
Supa Petta	135	None	135.	" " " " " " "
	981.	194.	787.	

21. Of these the Forest lands of 797 villages in all have still to be finally demarcated settled and notified. Out of these as stated above there are 67 villages in which the work has been nearly completed and 72 other villages in which selection of Forest & Waste lands have similarly been selected but not yet notified. In the remaining 614 villages no demarcation has yet been attempted.

22. Judging from my own experience of such work, I should say that it would take a single special officer, relieved of all other duties, and with an efficient establishment, at the very least

three whole seasons to complete both the demarcation and settlement of Kanara. Under the present plural system the work will probably take an indefinitely longer time, and when eventually accomplished be less satisfactory & thorough than if done by a single officer devoting his whole time and attention to the subject.

23. I feel some diffidence in exceeding this opinion, as I am aware that it is contrary to what was confidently anticipated, when the work of demarcation and settlement was ordered to be divided between the District Forest

† Govt Rev 4732 of 20/7/82 & 22/4/82

Officer

Officers and Assistant Collectors respectively. It was thought that this system would relieve the Assistant Collectors of the more laborious portion of the work, and could their share of the work be really limited to the formal judicial settlement and inquiries into rights & claims prescribed by the Forest Act, limited - that is - to purely settlement work, as distinguished from demarcation and all its subsidiary duties, they would have no difficulty, in at least keeping pace with the demarcating officers.

24 Q Did the Assistant

Collectors under the present system are practically not relieved of any portion - still less of the more laborious portion of the joint work of demarcation and settlement. The District Forest Officer after inspection submit lists of all the available Forest & waste lands to be notified under section 4: but these lists are not accompanied by any detailed proposals or recommendations.

25. The Assistant Collector have then in addition to holding the formal settlement proceedings under the Act. to go over the whole ground again, to determine

amongst

amongst other things, what
portion of the provisionally notified
area ought to be finally
notified as reserved forest under
section 19 & what as protected
forest under section 28, what
revocable privileges should be
conceded in the protected area
of each village: to assign and
delimit if necessary areas to be
given out for free grazing; to
assign where necessary betta
lands to garden cultivators
for leaf manure, and to visit
the betta lands of cultivators
who are dissatisfied with
previous assignments; to determine
the areas if any within which
Kumri cultivation may be permitted

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who are dissatisfied with
previous assignments: to determine
the areas if any within which
Kumri cultivation may be permitted

under the usual restrictions and conditions: to inquire into numerous claims to minor revocable privileges, such as privileges to collect earth, stones, wood & honey &c, from the forests and to recommend if necessary the exclusion of any unsuitable land from the area to be finally notified, and lastly to prepare elaborate reports embodying all the recommendations made.

26. All these extra judicial duties which come properly under the head of demarcation as generally understood and which are elsewhere performed by an Officer specially appointed

and designated a demarcation and settlement officer, now devolve under the Kanara system, on the ex officio Settlement officers, and the division of labour is not therefore altogether a fair one.

27. The proper performance of these duties entails constant personal inspection, unremitting attention, and very hard physical labour, and from my previous experience, I can confidently say that they cannot be satisfactorily and quickly carried out by Assistant Collectors with a full Revenue and Magisterial charge.

28. On the other hand, the Divisional Forest Officers have equally hard and important duties in the ordinary administration

of

of their charges. But even if they could spare the time necessary for carrying out the detailed demarcation of all the unsettled villages in the charge, to inquire minutely into the wants & circumstances of each village, to classify the Forests as 'Reserved' & 'Protected', determine what privileges should be conceded, and to submit all the detailed proposals incidental to any complete scheme of demarcation, leaving the ex: officio settlement officers to carry out the formal inquiries under the Act & nothing more their recommendations would probably not be unreservedly accepted

accepted by Government
without further intervention
by a revenue Officer, whose
mission would be to hold the
balance between the interests
of the Forest Department
& the legitimate wants of the
population.

29. Q. The present system is
certainly cheaper, as claimed for it
than the employment of a Special
Demarcation and Settlement
Officer, but it is not as the
experience of the past two
seasons amply proves, quicker,
and certainly fail to see that
it is in any respect better as
regards results.

30. Q. In thus advocating

the reappointment of a Special
Officer, I do not of course propose
that he should act in any
respect independently of the
Forest Officers. He should
on the contrary fully consult
and co-operate with them on all
matters affecting Forest interests
and his proposals as regards
each village should be invariably
submitted for their concurrence
advice & Suggestion before being
embodied in any final report.
It is not likely that any
important differences of opinion
would arise which could not
be thus satisfactorily settled.
If there were such differences
the points at issue would be
decided

decided by Government in dealing with the demarcation reports.

31. There are no very burning forest questions in D. Kanara. The present forest rules are liberal and cause little or no friction, and the people generally are contented with them. Still I think it will be admitted that it is highly desirable, considering the extreme importance of the Kanara forests to the country generally, that the final settlement should be effected with as little delay as possible. Until this is done the penal clauses of the Act as regards Reserved Forests

be worked in the unsettled
Talukas, and the very impo
quications of game and fish
preservation within forest limi
to be regulated by rules
under section 25 (a) & 31 (1) mu
necessarily remain in abeyan
32. I would therefore in
conclusion venture to recomm
strongly that a Special
Demarcation & Settlement
Officer be appointed
for the Kanara District
as soon as the services of such
an officer are available, and
if possible so that he may
commence his work in the
early part of the coming District
season. As Mr Gleeson ha
now had 2 years experience of

the work, and is otherwise very well qualified, I would respectfully recommend that he should be selected for this duty, and that another officer be appointed to take charge of the 2nd Assistant Collector's office, which he now holds.

33. If my recommendation meets with approval, I will hereafter make detailed proposals as regards the temporary establishment which would be necessary. The officer appointed should be authorized whenever necessary to subdivide survey numbers consisting partly of Reserved & partly of Protected Forests, or parts of which are to be included

in and parts to be excluded
from Forests and would requ...
the services of at least 2 qualified
Surveyor for field work and
mapping. He would of cou...
commence with the groups of
villages in which the Survey
record is complete, leaving the
unmeasured tracts, such as the
Siddapur Taluka, till the follow-
-ing seasons. I have no doubt
that by the time the Demarcation
Officer has completed his work
in the Talukas into which the
Survey Settlement has been
wholly introduced, the Survey
record will be sufficiently advanced
for demarcation purposes in all
the remaining Talukas.

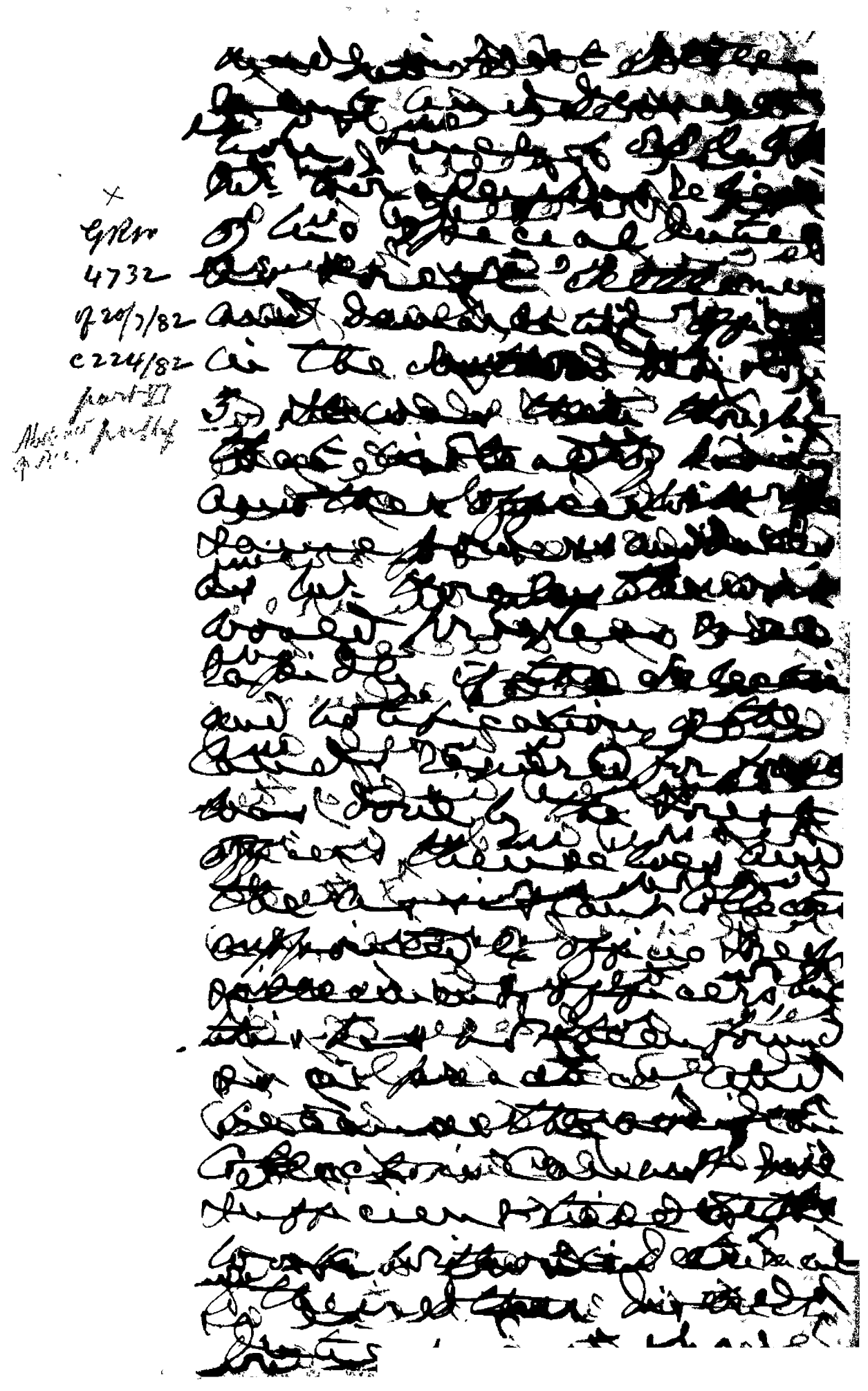
I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obed.t Servant,
Signed
Collector of Kaipara.

Thro' The Conservator of
Forests N.Z. for the favour
of his opinion as to the
proposal.

Memo 28/4/5
10/2/84

Conservators
Office N.Z.
Wellington
4th March
Decpo. 12th

I have the honor
to transmit the
following Remarks
on the above -
I do not consider there
is any thing
Objectionable in the proposal



I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most Obed. Servant,
Signed
Collector of Kingston

Thro' The Conservator of
Forests &c. for the favour
of his opinion as to the
proposal mentioned.

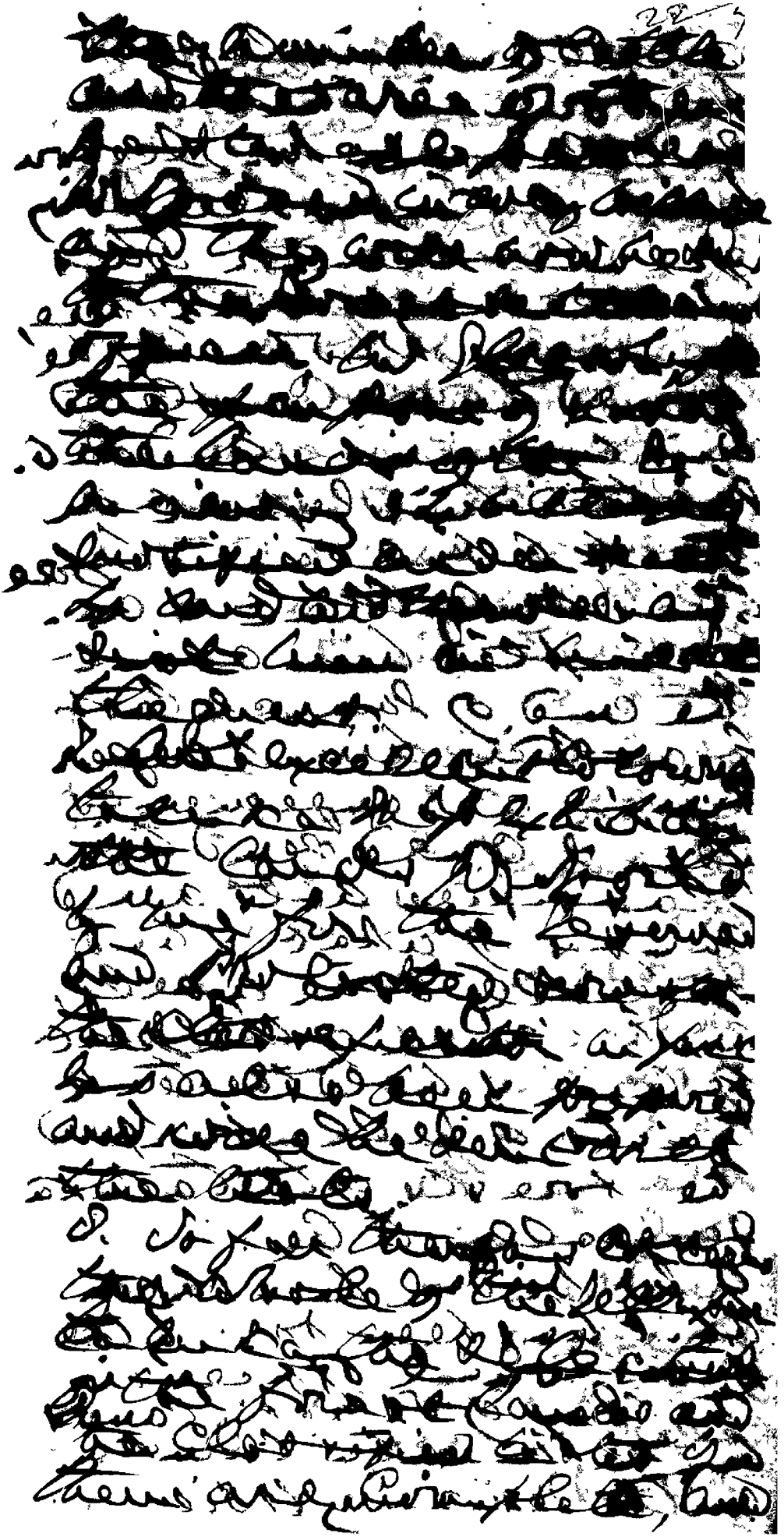
Memo 28th 5
Nov 1854

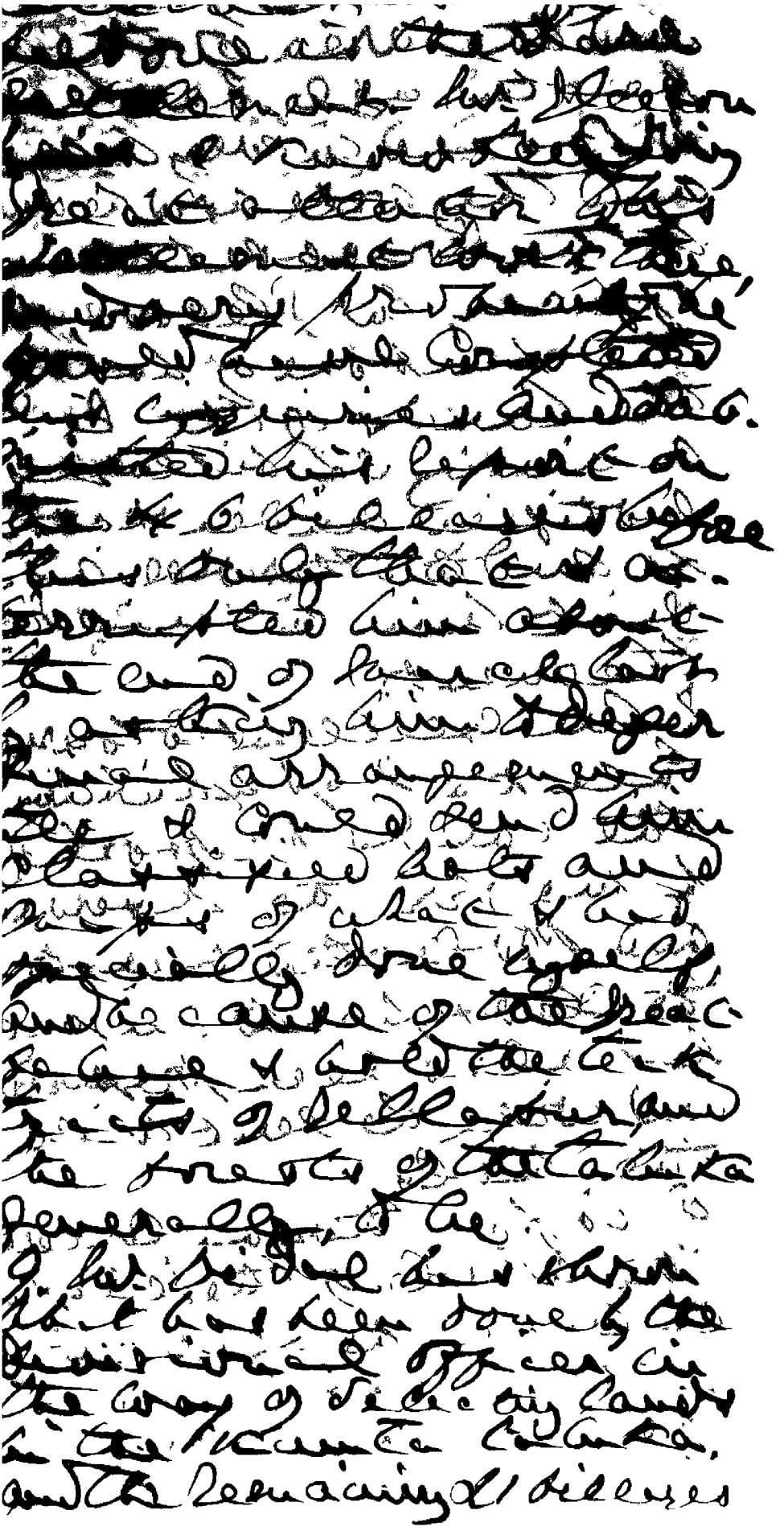
Conservators
Office &c
Kingston
4th Novr 54

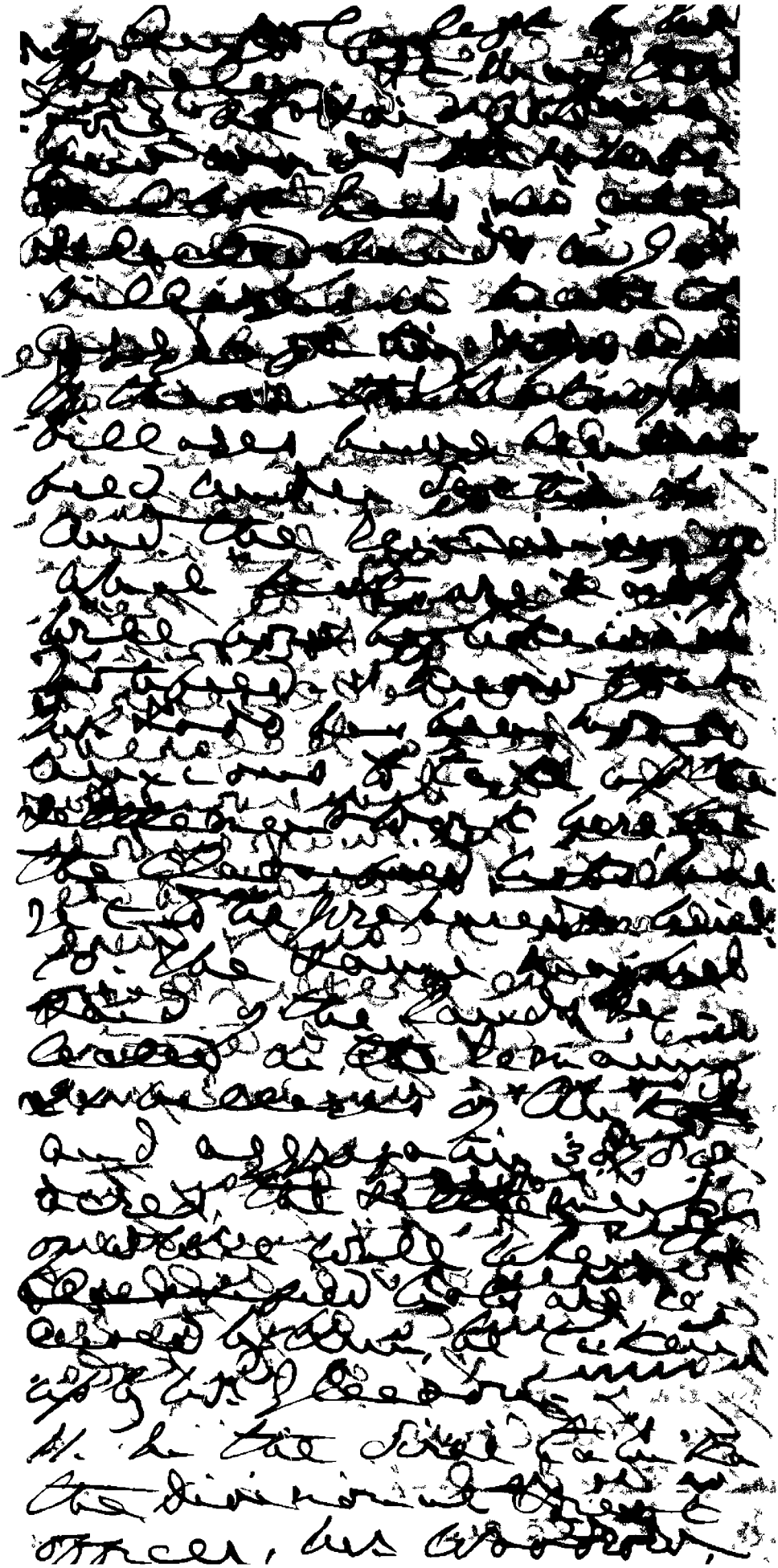
Recd 12th

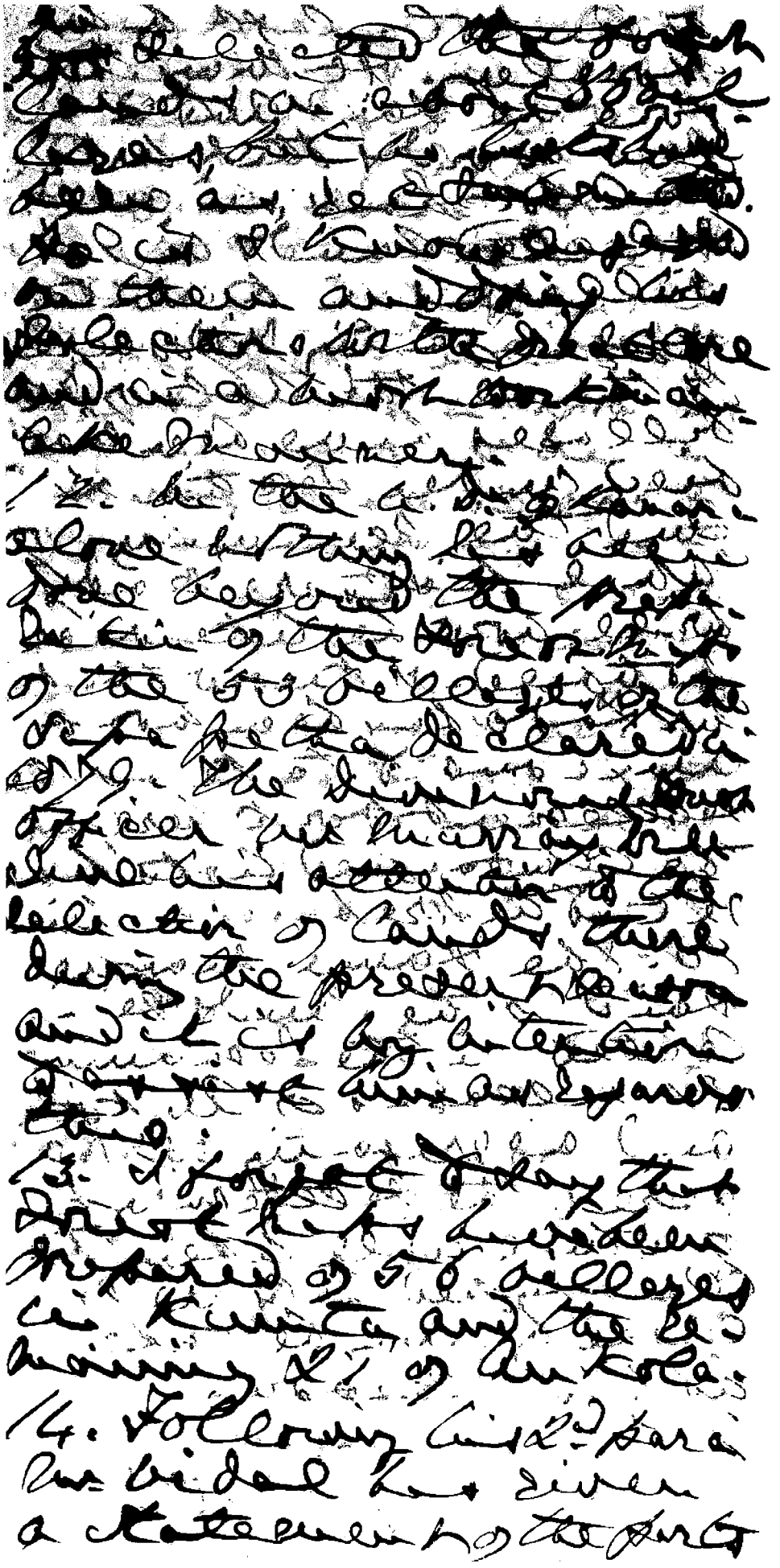
I have the honor
to transmit the
following Remarks
on the above
Memo. Timber Slides
Clearing the Rivers

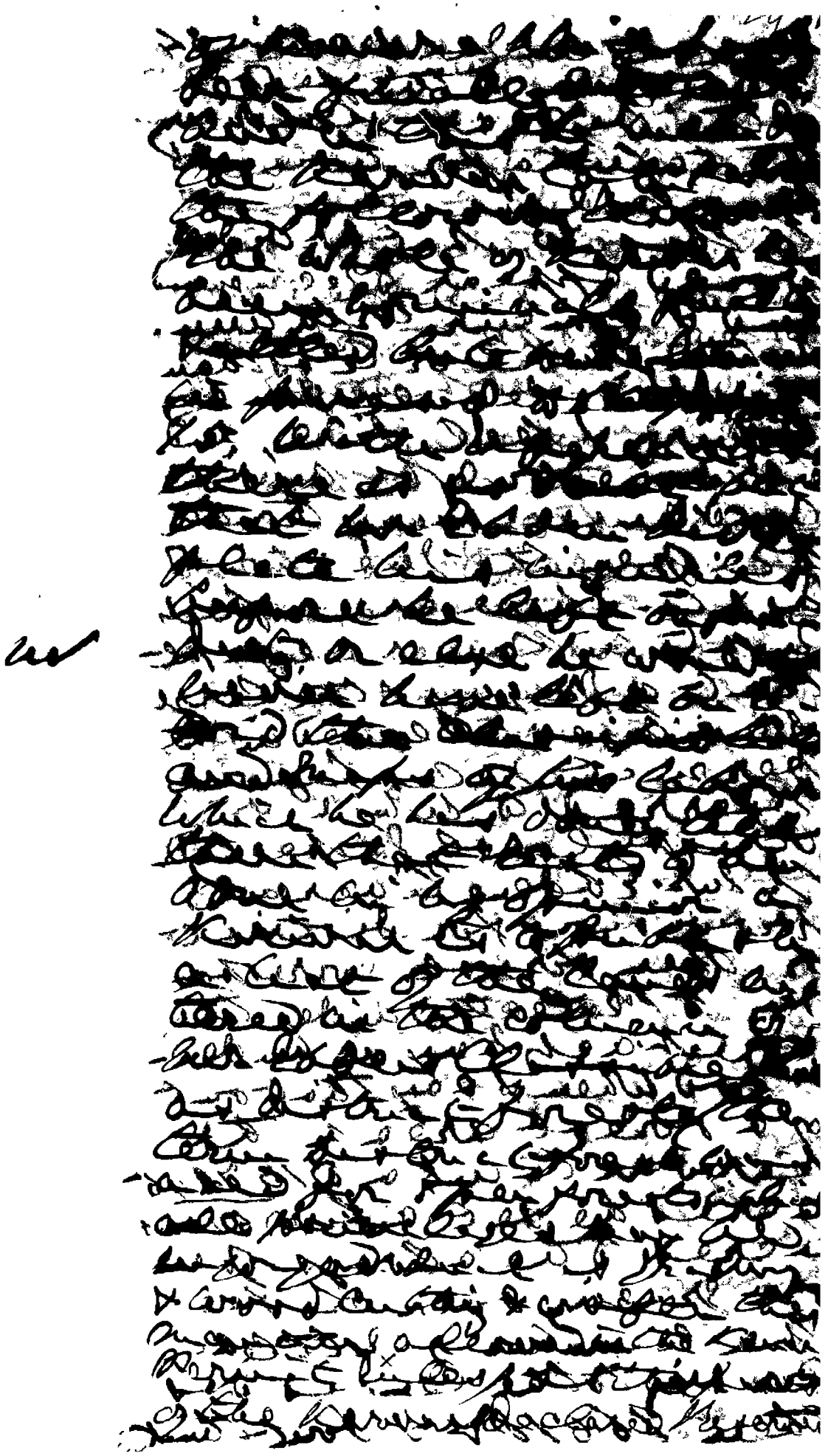
C/Rev
4732
Pf 20/7/82
C 224/82
Ford 37
Pt 1 of 4

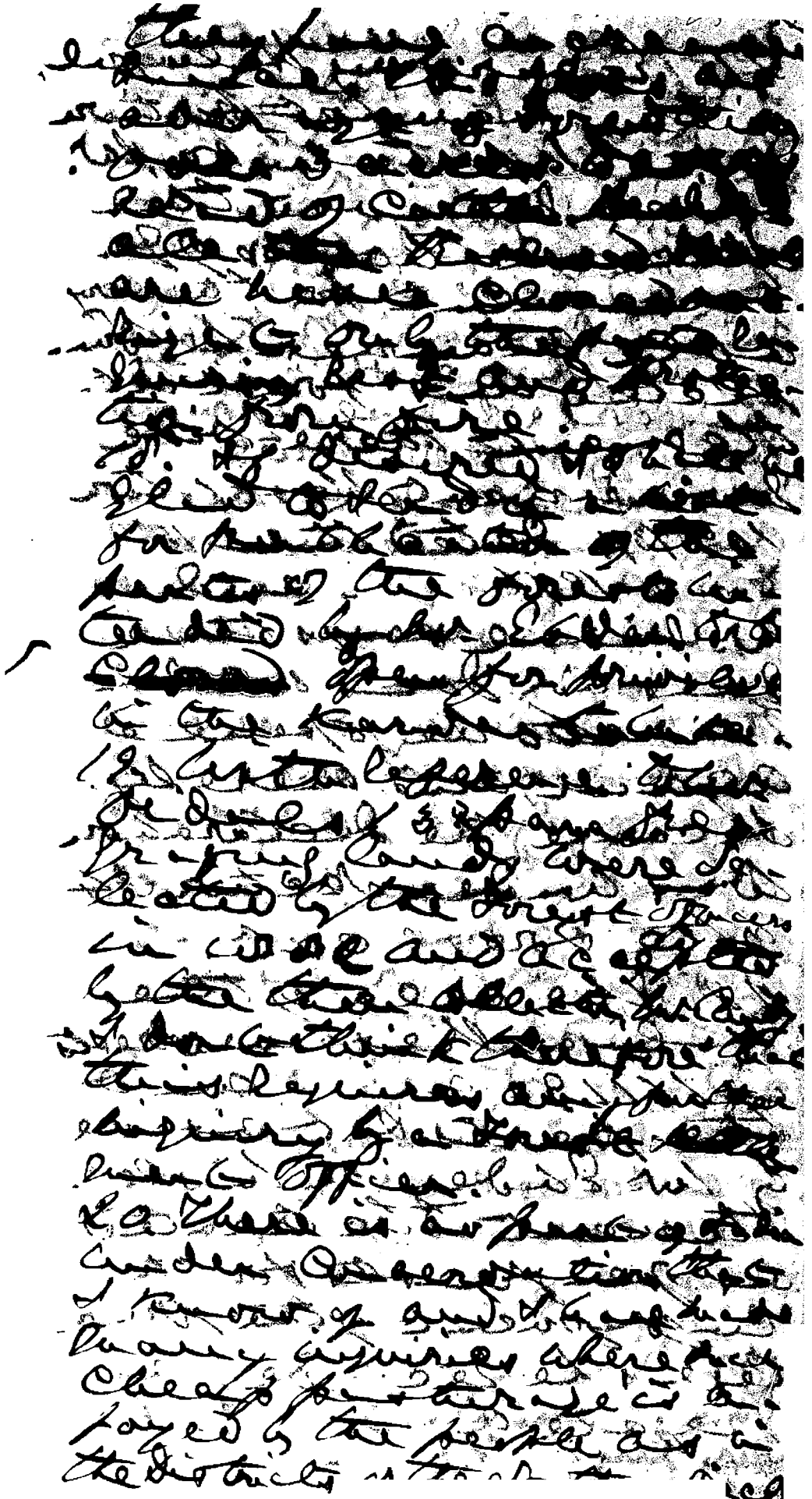


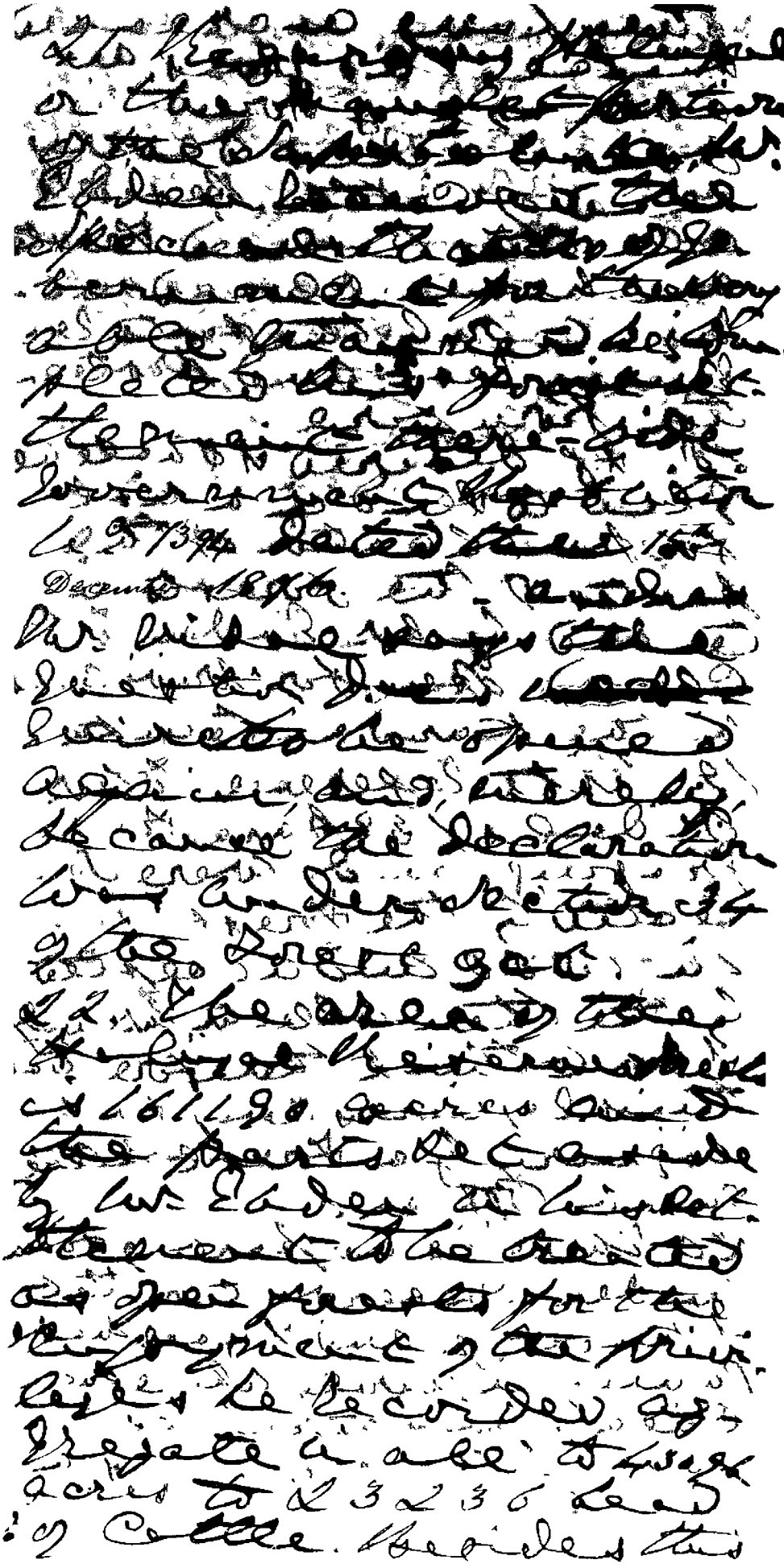


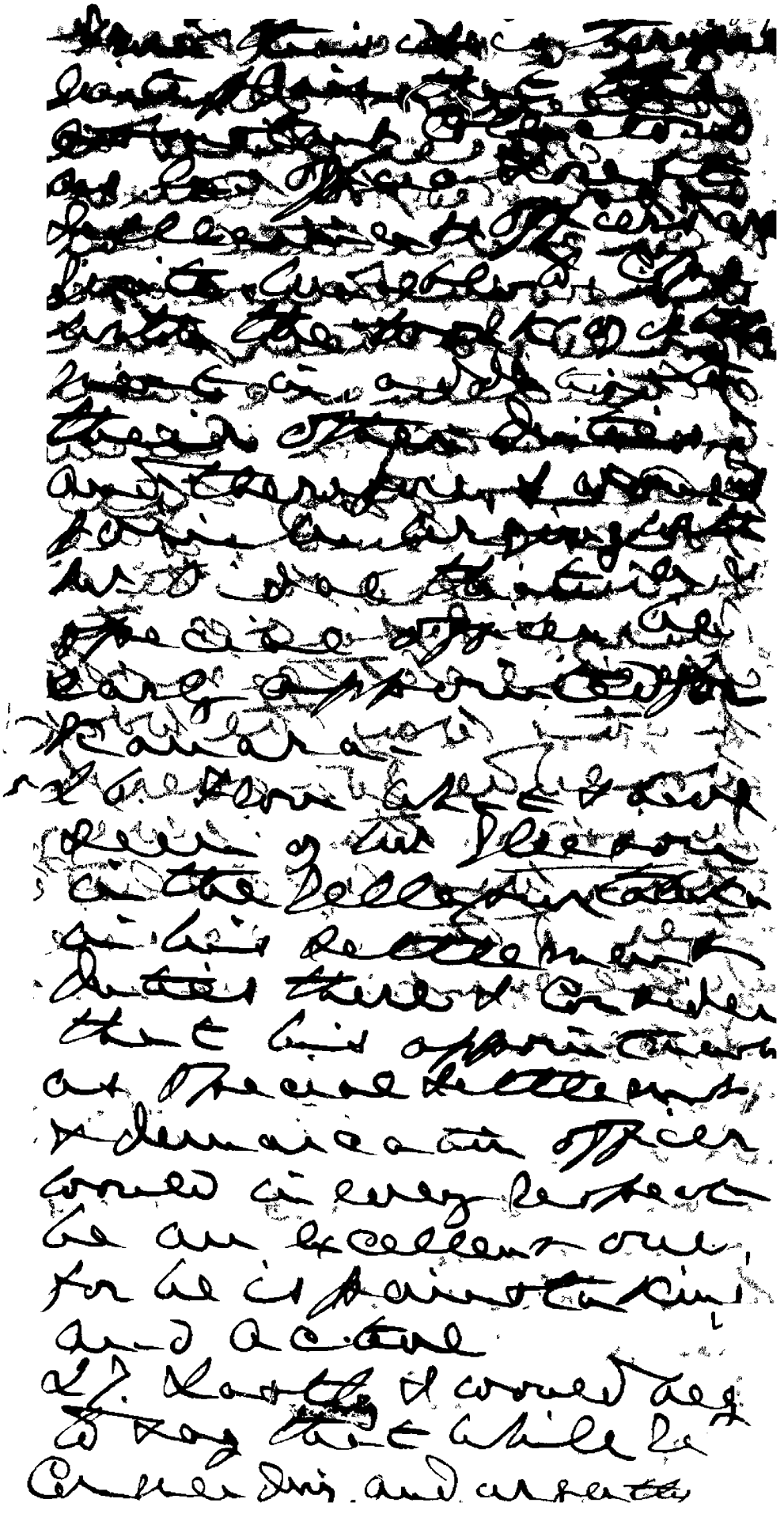


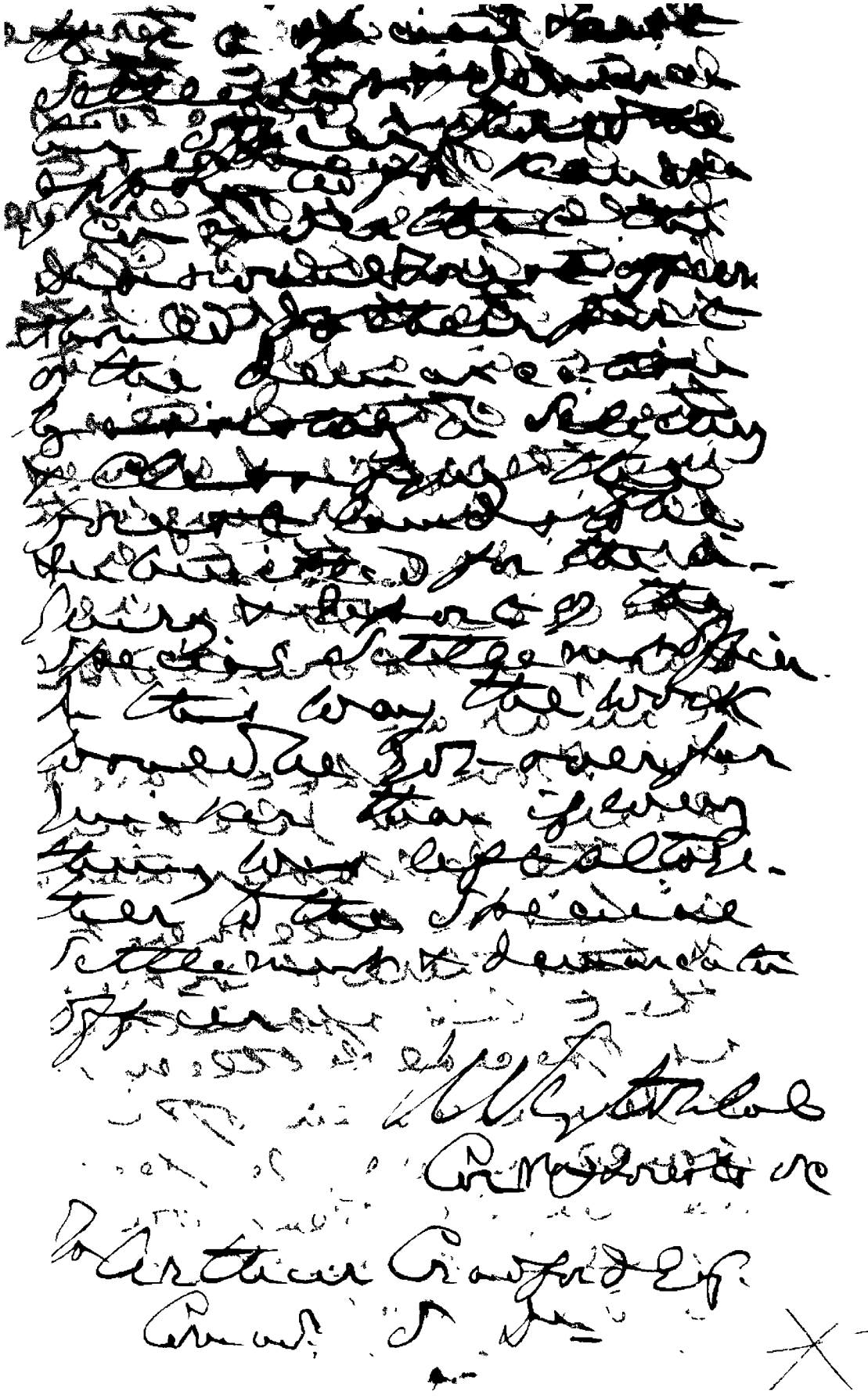












Below Conservator of
Forests S. C's Memo No. 5084
dated 4th November 1884

No. 4252 of 1884

Revenue Department
5th December 1884

Submitted. Government with a strong recommendation that the proposal of the Collector to appoint a special officer to complete the Forest demarcation and settlement work in the Kanara District be sanctioned as some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion

within any reasonable time.

2. Colonel Peyton has shown that the Forest officers did a fair amount of selection work since 1882 but the Assistant Collectors in charge of Districts were not able owing to their other duties, to keep pace with the Forest officers in their settlement work. Colonel Peyton now cordially supports the appointment of a special officer and both he & Mr Vidal agree in thinking

thinking that Mr Fleet
is well qualified to
take up these duties the
undersigned hopes
Government will see their
way to depute this young
and energetic officer, who
is moreover possessed of
local knowledge and
knows the language
thoroughly for this special work

3 Of course the Settlement
officer will do the demar-
-kation work after pre-
-vious consultation of the
Forest officers as suggested
by Colonel Peyton.

Commissioner
S.D.

within any reasonable time

2. Colonel Peyton has shown that the Forest officers did a fair amount of selection work since 1882 but the Assistant Collectors in charge of Districts were not able owing to their other duties, to keep pace with the Forest officers in their settlement work. Colonel Peyton now cordially supports the appointment of a special officer and both he & Mr Vidal agree in thinking

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is well qualified to
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undersigned hopes
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3 Of course the Settlement
officer will do the demar-
-kation work after pre-
-vious consultation of the
Forest officers as suggested
by Colonel Peyton.

I am

Commissioner
S. D.

H 35 41A

Forests: Proposal to appoint Mr. Eleeon Forest-Settlement- & Demrs Officer in the Hawera Distt.

Mems: from the Commr G. D., No. 42 S-2 dy 5 Decr 1884. Submitting one from the Comrs of Forests, G. B., together with a letter No. — dy — Octr 1884 from the Collr of Hawera, who states that in para 24 of his Admrs Report for the past year he has alluded at some length to the subject of forest-demrs & settlement in the Hawera Distt & has endeavoured to explain why under the existing arrangements the progress made in this important work is not so rapid as cd be wished, & that in fulfilment of this intention Mr Eleeon expressed his regret that he has never the

(Crochet cont.)

the Bursar to obtain a report showing what has already been accomplished in this direction & what still remains to be done; & make proposals for the future conduct of the work; & recommends strongly (para 32) for the reasons given that a special demr & settlement officer be appointed for the Gairara distt as soon as the services of such an officer are available so that he may commence his work in the early part of the coming district season; & further recommends that as Mr Elmore has now had two years experience of the work & is otherwise very well qualified he shd be selected for the duty & that another officer be appointed to take charge of the Second distt [illegible] office

43548

(Conservator could)

Comm^r strongly recommend that the proposal of the Coll^r to appoint a special officer to complete the forest demarcation settlement work in the Kaimai Dist^t be sanctioned, as without some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion within any reasonable time; & stating as follows:-

Here print para 2 & 3 of the (comm^r's memo)

Submitted

19.12

Please make a copy of Col. Pennington's report as I am unable to read his pencil words here.

Stephens

19.12

A copy of Col Pennington's [illegible]

The latter never fully grew back
but small progress has been made
in the demarcation & settlement of
the forests in the Kumaon Division
under the new system by which the
duty has been entrusted to the Offic
of the Forest Dept. & the assessment
the latter being constituted ex officio
F.S. Officers for the Talukdari of which
they held revenue charge. In fact
during the period of about 2½ years
which has elapsed since the new
system came into operation no settl
ment has been effected & sanctione
and no demarcation has been finall
made & approved. In some Talukda
the D.C. Forest Officers have prepared
lists for a considerable number
of villages of all the lands which
they in their opinion be included
in forests, and have made forest map
in some villages lands have been
notified under Sec 4 of the I.F Act
as proposed to be constituted Re
Forests; and inquiries have been
made by Mr. Ibbetson in his capacity
as F.S.O. in 67 villages, but no
report has as yet been framed in

docket could)

unrs strongly recommending
the proposal of the Collr
appoint a special officer
complete the forest-demarcation
element-work in the Kámara
it be sanctioned, as
there-some such arrange-
ment. there is no prospect
the work being brought
completion within any
reasonable time; & stating
follows: -
are given paras 2 & 3 of the
Govt's memo)

Please make a copy of Col.
Pemberton's report as I am unable
to read his telling words here.
Shyphen.

LL 19.12

A copy of Col Pemberton's
report is attached

The latter now only shows that
little progress has been made
in the demarcation & settlement of
the forests in the Kanara Collectorate
under the new system by which the
duty has been entrusted to the officers
of the Forest Dept. & the actual collection,
the latter being constituted ex officio
F.S. Officers for the Taluka of which
they hold revenue charge. In fact
during the period of about 2½ years
which has elapsed since the new
system came into operation no settle-
ment has been effected & sanctioned
and no demarcation has been finally
made & approved. In some Talukas
the DC Forest Officers have prepared
lists for a considerable number
of villages of all the lands which
they in their opinion be included
in forests, and have made preliminary
in some villages lands have been
notified under Sec 4 of the I.F Act
as proposed to be constituted Res.
Forests; and inquiries have been
made by Mr. Gleeson in his capacity
as F.S.O in 67 villages, but no

4354A

(docket cont^d)

Comm^rs strongly recommend that the proposal of the Coll^r to appoint a special officer to complete the forest demarc^n settlement work in the Kanara Dist^t be sanctioned, as without some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion within any reasonable time; & stating as follows:-

<Here print para 2 & 3 of the Comm^rs' letter>

Submitted

Please make a copy of Col. Pemberton's report as I am unable to read his illegible words here.

Stephen

19.12.

A copy of Col Pemberton's

The letting more fully shows that
but small progress has been made
in the demarcation & settlement of
the forests in the Kanara Collectorate
under the new system by which the
duty has been entrusted to the officers
of the Forest Dept. & the ass.t Collectors
the latter being constituted ex officio
F.S. Officers for the Talukas of which
they had previous charge. In fact
during the period of about 2½ years
which has elapsed since the new
system came into operation no settle
ment has been effected & sanctioned
and no demarcation has been finally
made & approved. In some Talukas
the D.C. Forest officers have prepared
lists for a considerable number
of villages of all the lands which
they in their opinion be included
in forests. and have made forest surv
in some villages lands have been
notified under the old Act
as proposed to be constituted Res
Forests; and inquiries have been
made by Mr. Gibson in his capacity
as F.S.O in 62 villages. but no
report has as yet been framed in

limits. Beyond this nothing has been done. No blame would seem to attach to the officers concerned for the limited amount of progress hitherto made. The Forest Settlement Officers have apparently performed as speedily as circumstances would admit their portion of the duty assigned to them & the Forest Officers, and the pressure of their heavy revenue & magisterial work has prevented the Conservators from carrying out the settlement & making their reports & proposals even when the lists of suggested forest lands had been received from the Forest Officers.

2- The collection states that the forest demarcation & settlement has been carried out in

(1) the Nandayal portion of the Yellapur Taluka.

(2) the Mundgod & Hangal division of the Supa Taluka.

(3) 48 villages of the Ankola Taluka

(4) 122 villages of the Sirsi Taluka

(5) the Karwar Taluka.

in these tracts prior to the introduction in 1882 of the new scheme for the demarcation & settlement of forests in the district.

3. The work done since the new scheme came into force would seem to have been as follows:

(1) in the Kumta Taluka (which comprises 126 villages) lands have been selected for forest in 72 villages by the Dist. F.O. Mr. Talbot & have been notified under Sec 4 of the Act; Mr. Talbot has also prepared lists for 24 other villages of lands to be notified under that section:

(2) in the Sirsi Taluka lands in 60 villages have been chosen for notn under Sec 4 by the D.F.O. Mr. Woodhouse;

(3) in the Ankola Taluka lands have been selected for forest in 21 villages by the D.F.O & have been notified under Sec 4: the settlement inquiry in respect of these lands has been made by Mr. Gleeson Dist F.S.O who has prepared & reports com-

(4) in 46 of the 80 villages which form the remainder of the 530 villages Talukdari lands have been selected for forest by the D.F.O & notified under Sec 4 & enquiry has been made by Mr. Gibson as F.S.O but no report has yet been prepared by that officer : in the remaining 34 villages lands have been carefully chosen for forest by the Conservator on personal

6. The work of forest demarcation & settlement has not as yet been commenced in

(1) 30 villages of the Kumta Taluka
(2) 130 villages of the Sirsi Taluka
(3) the 135 villages forming the Siddapur Pattana
(4) the 60 villages of the Bhatkhal Pattana
(5) the 95 villages of the Sidapur Taluka
(6) the 80 villages of the Honore Taluka

or 530 villages in all

5. The amount of forest demarcation & settlement work already still remaining to be performed in the Kanara D.

indicate is consequently as the above statements show exceedingly heavy. In the 530 villages mentioned in para 4 the demarcation & settlement have to be entirely done. The reports & final proposals on the demarcation & settlement of 67 of the 259 villages referred to in para 3 in which some beginning of the work has been made have to be framed & submitted. The final demarcation & the settlement of the forest lands in the remaining 190 villages included in that para have to be made. And lastly even if the settlement of all the tracts specified in para 2 is to be accepted as such & final the village forest registers have still to be prepared for the villages comprised in them.

It might be stated that in the circumstances the C. in C. concerned with the C.W., the Comm: of Forests & the Commr: in considering that in order to ensure the completion at a comparatively early date of the forest demarcation & settlement of the

Kanuera collectorate, & the consequent efficient protection of the important & valuable forests in those Dist. it is desirable that a special officer shd be appointed by the F.S & Govt officer for inspection in supervision of the existing arrangements which experience has now proved to be insufficient, & early measures will accordingly be taken to appoint such an officer. The work of course be understood that the Special F.S & Govt officer will work in harmony & in consultation with the Conservator & the D.F. officers and with a view mainly of the advice which Col. Pearson is so competent to give. At the same time the work of the preparation by the Dist. Forest officers of the lists & of the forests which shd in their opinion be included in forests shd not be discontinued but on the contrary shd be pushed on as rapidly as possible. These lists & maps with power of very great value & assistance to the F.S.O if made after personal inspection of the localities on the

Forest Dept., & with much facilitate the speedy accomplishment by him of the task entrusted to him.

2. As regards the tracts mentioned in para 2, there will seem to be no room for doubt as to the sufficiency of the settlement already made in all of them with the possible exception of the Kanyan Talukas, but with reference to that Talukas the Secy. is very doubtful whether there has as yet been any valid inquiry into & settlement of rights as contemplated in the Act & on this point instructions are solicited as to the orders to be issued. What apparently is desired is that as the privileges actually allowed are ample, & the land were declared to be [illegible] reserved [illegible] years ago, as a formal inquiry now might be inconvenient, as no questions have arisen, and (as Mr. Peyton seems to contends) as it is probable that Mr. Elsden did make an

inquiry, no formal inquiry shd
now be instituted, but merely
orders shd be passed conferring
privileges to be allowed in the area
within which their exercise shd be
permitted. The adoption of this
course seems however to depend
upon the question of
Peyton proposes to furnish for
publication lists of the parts of the
Kaweran Talukas [illegible] intended
by him. Eleven to be open for
privileges, but it is obviously
unnecessary to publish in the
Gazette any lists of this nature.

WR
23.12.[illegible]

Clearly Kanara wants a
Settlement Officer & I hope he
[illegible] can be spared.

Looking to the Vidal case
I think we had much better
proceed legally in Kanara Taluka
Then cases to be tried by an
Inquiry & then an Extension Order
Such. Non-formal procedure

[illegible] 24.12

I Macara. 25

[illegible] 27.12

The first 6 paras of the Resolution will be the first 6 paras of my draft.

Begin then para 7 with the first part of my para 7 & go on to end of para 7 as it now appears however from the Collector's report that no formal inquiry into & settlement of rights as required by the law have as yet been effected in the Kanara Talukas - This being the case it will seem undesirable to adopt the procedure suggested by Mr Vidal, which involves a departure from the course prescribed by the Indian Forest act. In matters of this important nature it is obviously expedient to proceed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the law, and under the law a formal inquiry into & settlement & record of rights are essential This must now be done in the Kanara Talukas Extension principles have been

inquiry. No formal inquiry shd
now be instituted, but merely
orders shd be passed conferring
privileges to be allowed & the areas
within which their exercise shd be
permitted. The adoption of this
course seems however to depend
on the question of questionable legality. Let
Pension proposes to furnish for
publication lists of the parts of the
Kaiwan Reserve to be included
by Mr. Ebden in the open for
purchase. But it is obviously
unnecessary to publish in the
Gazette any lists of this nature.

WH
23.12.84

Clerg Kaiapoi wants a
Settlement Officer & I hope he
please can be spared.

Looking to the Nikau area
12 I think we had much better
proceed legally in Kaiwan Reserve
Then because Clarke has not given
Evidence & there can be [illegible] given
Special Non-formal proceedings

24.12.

I Bracken. As

Town or other areas [illegible]
Surveyor and Officer of Works
[illegible]

The first 6 paras of the Resolution will be the first 6 paras of my draft.

Begin then para 7 with the first part of my para 7 down to word applies however from the Collector's report that no formal inquiry into & settlement of rights as required by the Law have as yet been effected in the Kanara Talukas - This being the case it will seem undesirable to adopt the procedure suggested by the Viceroy, which involves a departure from the course prescribed by the Indian Forest Act. In matters of this important nature it is obviously expedient to proceed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Law, and under the Law a formal inquiry into & settlement & record of rights are essential This must now be done in the Kanara Talukas Executive Engineer has

allowed in that Taluka. This extent of nation must now al-
be clearly defined & the sanction
of Govt. accorded to such of them
as are to be permitted, as the
forest demarcation of the Taluka
has been carried out & the rights
if any claimed will probably not
be numerous the special officer with
in all likelihood experience little
difficulty in making the requisite
inquiry, settlement & record. In
the other tracts mentioned in para
2 all that remains to be done
is to prepare the village forest
registers & this work can probably
be carried out by the Asst Collr
in charge!

Please let me see the
corrected proof[x]

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x Submitted.

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Forests: Proposal to appoint Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer in the Kánara District.

No. 17.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 2nd January 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 4252, dated 5th December 1884—Submitting one from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., together with a letter No. ——, dated —— October 1884, from the Collector of Kánara, who states that in paragraph 24 of his Administration Report for the past year he has alluded at some length to the subject of forest demarcation and settlement in the Kánara District and has endeavoured to explain why under the existing arrangements the progress made in this important work is not so rapid as could be wished; submits in fulfilment of the intention expressed in that report a report showing what has already been accomplished in this direction and what still remains to be done; makes proposals for the future conduct of the work; recommends strongly (paragraph 32) for the reasons given that a special Demarcation and Settlement Officer be appointed for the Kanara District as soon as the services of such an officer are available, so that he may commence his work in the early part of the coming district season; and further recommends that as Mr. Gleeson has now had two years' experience of the work and is otherwise very well qualified he should be selected for this duty, and that another officer be appointed to take charge of the Second Assistant Collector's office which Mr. Gleeson now holds: the Commissioner strongly recommending that the proposal of the Collector to appoint a special officer to complete the forest demarcation and settlement work in the Kánara District be sanctioned, as without some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion within any reasonable time; and stating as follows:—

"2. Colonel Peyton has shown that the Forest officers did a fair amount of selection work since 1882, but the Assistant Collectors in charge of districts were not able, owing to their other duties, to keep pace with the Forest officers in their settlement work. Colonel Peyton now cordially supports the appointment of a special officer and both he and Mr. Vidal agree in thinking that Mr. Gleeson is well qualified to take up these duties. The undersigned hopes Government will see their way to depute this young and energetic officer, who is moreover possessed of local knowledge and knows the language thoroughly, for this special work.

"3. Of course the Settlement Officer will do the demarcation work after previous consultation of the Forest officers as suggested by Colonel Peyton."

RESOLUTION.—The letters now submitted show that but small progress has been made in the demarcation and settlement of the forests in the Kánara Collectorate under the new system by which the duty has been entrusted to the officers of the Forest Department and the Assistant Collectors, the latter being constituted *ex-officio* Forest Settlement Officers for the tálukás of which they hold revenue charge. In fact during the period of about two and a half years which has elapsed since the new system came into operation no settlement has been effected and sanctioned and no demarcation has been finally made and approved. In some tálukás the Divisional Forest Officers have prepared lists for a considerable number of villages of all the lands which should in their opinion be included in forests, and have made forest maps; in some villages lands have been notified under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act as proposed to be constituted reserved forests; and inquiries have been made by Mr. Gleeson in his capacity as Forest Settlement Officer in 67 villages, but no report has as yet been framed by him. Beyond this nothing has been done. No blame would seem to be attributable to the officers concerned for the limited amount of progress hitherto made. The Forest Department officers have apparently performed as speedily as circumstances would admit their portion of the duty assigned jointly to them and to the Assistant Collectors, and the pressure of their heavy revenue and magisterial work has prevented the Assistant Collectors from carrying out the settlement and making their reports and proposals even when the lists of suggested forest lands had been received from the Forest Officers.

allowed in that Taluka. Their extent & nature must now also be clearly defined & the sanction of Govt. accorded to such of them as are to be permitted as the forest demarcation of the Taluka has been carried out & the rights if any claimed will probably not be numerous the special officer with his old Whitehead experience with difficulty in making the required inquiry, settlement & record. In the other tracts mentioned in para 2 all that remains to be done is to prepare the village forest registers & this work can probably be carried out by the Asst. Collr. in charge!

Please let me see the corrected proof[x]

29.12

x Submitted

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Forests: Proposal to appoint Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer in the Kánara District.

No. 17.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 9th January 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D, No. 4252, dated 5th December 1884—Submitting one from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., together with a letter No. ——, dated —— October 1884, from the Collector of Kánara, who states that in paragraph 24 of his Administration Report for the past year he has alluded at some length to the subject of forest demarcation and settlement in the Kánara District and has endeavoured to explain why under the existing arrangements the progress made in this important work is not so rapid as could be wished; submits in fulfilment of the intention expressed in that report a report showing what has already been accomplished in this direction and what still remains to be done, makes proposals for the future conduct of the work; recommends strongly (paragraph 32) for the reasons given that a special Demarcation and Settlement Officer be appointed for the Kánara District as soon as the services of such an officer are available, so that he may commence his work in the early part of the coming district season, and further recommends that as Mr. Gleeson has now had two years' experience of the work and is otherwise very well qualified he should be selected for this duty, and that another officer be appointed to take charge of the Second Assistant Collector's office which Mr. Gleeson now holds: the Commissioner strongly recommending that the proposal of the Collector to appoint a special officer to complete the forest demarcation and settlement work in the Kánara District be sanctioned, as without some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion within any reasonable time; and stating as follows:—

"2 Colonel Peyton has shown that the Forest officers did a fair amount of selection work since 1882, but the Assistant Collectors in charge of districts were not able, owing to their other duties, to keep pace with the Forest officers in their settlement work. Colonel Peyton now cordially supports the appointment of a special officer and both he and Mr. Vidal agree in thinking that Mr. Gleeson is well qualified to take up these duties. The undersigned hopes Government will see their way to depute this young and energetic officer, who is moreover possessed of local knowledge and knows the language thoroughly, for this special work.

"3. Of course the Settlement Officer will do the demarcation work after previous consultation of the Forest officers as suggested by Colonel Peyton."

RESOLUTION.—The letters now submitted show that but small progress has been made in the demarcation and settlement of the forests in the Kánara Collectorate under the new system by which the duty has been entrusted to the officers of the Forest Department and the Assistant Collectors, the latter being constituted *ex-officio* Forest Settlement Officers for the tálukás of which they hold revenue charge. In fact during the period of about two and a half years which has elapsed since the new system came into operation no settlement has been effected and sanctioned and no demarcation has been finally made and approved. In some tálukas the Divisional Forest Officers have prepared lists for a considerable number of villages of all the lands which should in their opinion be included in forests, and have made forest maps; in some villages lands have been notified under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act as proposed to be constituted reserved forests; and inquiries have been made by Mr. Gleeson in his capacity as Forest Settlement Officer in 67 villages, but no report has as yet been framed by him. Beyond this nothing has been done. No blame would seem to be attributable to the officers concerned for the limited amount of progress hitherto made. The Forest Department officers have apparently performed as speedily as circumstances would admit their portion of the duty assigned jointly to them and to the Assistant Collectors, and the pressure of their heavy revenue and magisterial work has prevented the Assistant Collectors from carrying out the settlement and making their reports and proposals even when the lists of suggested forest lands had been received from the Forest Officers.

2. The Collector states that the forest demarcation and settlement have been carried out in—

(1) the Mundgod Petha of the Yellápur Táluka,

(2) the Mámlatdár's, or Haliyál, division of the Supa Táluka,

(3) 48 villages of the Ankola Táluka,

(4) 122 villages of the Sirsi Taluka,

(5) the Kárwár Táluka,

the work having been accomplished in these tracts prior to the introduction in 1882 of the new scheme for the demarcation and settlement of forests in the district.

3. The work done since the new scheme came into force would seem to have been as follows :—

(1) in the Kumta Táluka (which contains 126 villages) lands have been selected for forest in 72 villages by the Divisional Forest Officer Mr Talbot and have been notified under Section 4 of the Act; Mr Talbot has also prepared lists for 24 other villages of lands to be notified under that section;

(2) in the Sirsi Táluka lands in 60 villages have been chosen for notification under Section 4 by the Divisional Forest Officer, Mr. Woodrow;

(3) in the Ankola Taluka lands have been selected for forest in 21 villages by the Divisional Forest Officer and have been notified under Section 4 : the settlement inquiry in respect of these lands has been made by Mr. Gleeson, Forest Settlement Officer, but no proposals and report concerning them have yet been submitted;

(4) in 46 of the 80 villages which form the Mámlatdár's division of the Yellápur Táluka lands have been selected for forest by the Divisional Forest Officer and notified under Section 4 and inquiry has been made by Mr. Gleeson as Forest Settlement Officer, but no report has yet been prepared by that officer: in the remaining 34 villages lands have been carefully chosen for forest by the Conservator, Colonel Peyton.

4. The work of forest demarcation and settlement has not as yet been commenced in—

(1) 30 villages of the Kumta Taluka,

(2) 130 villages of the Sirsi Táluka,

(3) the 135 villages forming the Supa Petha,

(4) the 60 villages of the Bhatkal Petha,

(5) the 95 villages of the Siddápur Táluka,

(6) the 80 villages of the Honávar Táluka,

for 530 villages in all.

5. The amount of forest demarcation and settlement work which still remains to be performed in the Kánara Collectorate is consequently as the above statements show exceedingly heavy. In the 530 villages mentioned in paragraph 4 the demarcation and settlement has to be entirely done. The reports and final proposals on the demarcation and settlement of 67 of the 257 villages referred to in paragraph 3 in which some beginning of the work has been made have to be framed and submitted. The final demarcation and the settlement of the forest lands in the remaining 190 villages alluded to in that paragraph have to be made. And lastly even if the settlement of all the tracts specified in paragraph 2 is to be accepted as sufficient and final the village forest registers have still to be prepared for the villages comprised in them.

6. In these circumstances the Governor in Council concurs with the Collector, the Conservator of Forests and the Commissioner in considering that in order to ensure the completion at a comparatively early date of the forest

demarcation and settlement of the Kánara Collectorate, and the consequent efficient protection of the important and valuable forests in that district it is desirable that a special officer should be appointed to be Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer for Kánara in supersession of the existing arrangements which experience has now proved to be insufficient, and early measures will accordingly be taken to appoint such an officer. It will of course be understood that the special Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer will work in harmony and in consultation with the Conservator and the Divisional Forest Officers and will avail himself of the advice which Colonel Peyton is so competent to give. At the same time the work of the preparation by the Divisional Forest Officers of the lists and maps of the lands which should in their opinion be included in forest should not be discontinued but on the contrary should be pushed on as rapidly as possible. [redacted] maps will prove of very great value and assistance to the Forest Settlement Officer if made after personal inspection of the localities by the officers of the Forest Department, and will much facilitate the speedy accomplishment by him of the task entrusted to him.

7. As regards the tracts mentioned in paragraph 2, there would seem to be no room for doubt as to the sufficiency of the settlement already made in all of them with the exception of the Kárwár Táluka. It would appear however from the Collector's report that no formal inquiry into and settlement of rights as required by the law have as yet been effected in the Kárwár Táluka. This being the case it would seem undesirable to adopt the procedure suggested by Mr. Vidal, which involves a departure from the course prescribed by the Indian Forest Act. In matters of this important nature it is obviously expedient to proceed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the law, and under the law a formal inquiry into and a settlement and record of rights are essential. This must now be done in the Kárwár Táluka. Extensive privileges have been allowed in that táluka. Their extent and nature must now also be clearly defined and the sanction of Government accorded to such of them as are to be permitted. As the forest demarcation of the táluka has been carried out and the rights if any claimed will probably not be numerous the special officer will in all likelihood experience little difficulty in making the requisite inquiry, settlement and record. In the other tracts mentioned in paragraph 2 all that remains to be done is to prepare the village forest registers, and this work can probably be carried out by the Assistant Collectors in charge.

Secretary to Government.

To

1 The Commissioner, S. D.,
2 The Collector of Kánara,
3 The Conservator of Forests, S C.

Forests: Proposal to appoint a Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer in the Kánara District.

No. 17.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd January 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 4252, dated 5th December 1884—Submitting one from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., together with a letter No. ——, dated —— October 1884, from the Collector of Kánara, who states that in paragraph 24 of his Administration Report for the past year he has alluded at some length to the subject of forest demarcation and settlement in the Kánara District and has endeavoured to explain why under the existing arrangements the progress made in this important work is not so rapid as could be wished; submits in fulfilment of the intention expressed in that report a report showing what has already been accomplished in this direction and what still remains to be done; makes proposals for the future conduct of the work; recommends strongly (paragraph 32) for the reasons given that a special Demarcation and Settlement Officer be appointed for the Kánara District as soon as the services of such an officer are available, so that he may commence his work in the early part of the coming district season; and further recommends that as Mr. Gleeson has now had two years' experience of the work and is otherwise very well qualified he should be selected for this duty, and that another officer be appointed to take charge of the Second Assistant Collector's office which Mr. Gleeson now holds: the Commissioner strongly recommending that the proposal of the Collector to appoint a special officer to complete the forest demarcation and settlement work in the Kánara District be sanctioned, as without some such arrangement there is no prospect of the work being brought to completion within any reasonable time; and stating as follows:—

"2. Colonel Peyton has shown that the Forest officers did a fair amount of selection work since 1882, but the Assistant Collectors in charge of districts were not able, owing to their other duties, to keep pace with the Forest officers in their settlement work. Colonel Peyton now cordially supports the appointment of a special officer and both he and Mr. Vidal agree in thinking that Mr. Gleeson is well qualified to take up these duties. The undersigned hopes Government will see their way to depute this young and energetic officer, who is moreover possessed of local knowledge and knows the language thoroughly, for this special work.

"3 Of course the Settlement Officer will do the demarcation work after previous consultation of the Forest officers as suggested by Colonel Peyton."

RESOLUTION.—The letters now submitted show that but small progress has been made in the demarcation and settlement of the forests in the Kánara Collectorate under the new system by which the duty has been entrusted to the officers of the Forest Department and the Assistant Collectors, the latter being constituted *ex-officio* Forest Settlement Officers for the tálukás of which they hold revenue charge. In fact during the period of about two and a half years which has elapsed since the new system came into operation no settlement has been effected and sanctioned and no demarcation has been finally made and approved. In some tálukás the Divisional Forest Officers have prepared lists for a considerable number of villages of all the lands which should in their opinion be included in forests, and have made forest maps; in some villages lands have been notified under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act as proposed to be constituted reserved forests; and inquiries have been made by Mr. Gleeson in his capacity as Forest Settlement Officer in 67 villages, but no report has as yet been framed by him. Beyond this nothing has been done. No blame would seem to be attributable to the officers concerned for the limited amount of progress hitherto made. The Forest Department officers have apparently performed as speedily as circumstances would admit their portion of the duty assigned jointly to them and to the Assistant Collectors, and the pressure of their heavy revenue and magisterial work has prevented the Assistant Collectors from carrying out the settlement and making their reports and proposals even when the lists of suggested forest lands had been received from the Forest Officers.

2. The Collector states that the forest demarcation and settlement have been carried out in—

(1) the Mundgod Petha of the Yellápur Táluka,

(2) the Mámlatdár's, or Haliyál, division of the Supa Táluka,

(3) 48 villages of the Ankola Táluka,

(4) 122 villages of the Sirsi Táluka,

(5) the Kárwár Táluka,

the work having been accomplished in these tracts prior to the introduction in 1882 of the new scheme for the demarcation and settlement of forests in the district.

3. The work done since the new scheme came into force would seem to have been as follows :—

(1) in the Kumta Táluka (which contains 126 villages) lands have been selected for forest in 72 villages by the Divisional Forest Officer Mr Talbot and have been notified under Section 4 of the Act; Mr. Talbot has also prepared lists for 24 other villages of lands to be notified under that section;

(2) in the Sirsi Táluka lands in 60 villages have been chosen for notification under Section 4 by the Divisional Forest Officer, Mr. Woodrow;

(3) in the Ankola Táluka lands have been selected for forest in 21 villages by the Divisional Forest Officer and have been notified under Section 4 : the settlement inquiry in respect of these lands has been made by Mr Gleeson, Forest Settlement Officer, but no proposals and report concerning them have yet been submitted;

(4) in 46 of the 80 villages which form the Mámlatdár's division of the Yellápur Táluka lands have been selected for forest by the Divisional Forest Officer and notified under Section 4 and inquiry has been made by Mr. Gleeson as Forest Settlement Officer, but no report has yet been prepared by that officer: in the remaining 34 villages lands have been carefully chosen for forest by the Conservator, Colonel Peyton.

4. The work of forest demarcation and settlement has not as yet been commenced in—

(1) 30 villages of the Kumta Táluka,

(2) 130 villages of the Sirsi Táluka,

(3) the 135 villages forming the Supa Petha,

(4) the 60 villages of the Bhatkal Petha,

(5) the 95 villages of the Siddápur Táluka,

(6) the 80 villages of the Honávar Táluka,

or 530 villages in all.

5. The amount of forest demarcation and settlement work which still remains to be performed in the Kánara Collectorate is consequently as the above statements show exceedingly heavy. In the 530 villages mentioned in paragraph 4 the demarcation and settlement has to be entirely done. The reports and final proposals on the demarcation and settlement of 67 of the 257 villages referred to in paragraph 3 in which some beginning of the work has been made have to be framed and submitted. The final demarcation and the settlement of the forest lands in the remaining 190 villages alluded to in that paragraph have to be made. And lastly even if the settlement of all the tracts specified in paragraph 2 is to be accepted as sufficient and final the village forest registers have still to be prepared for the villages comprised in them.

6. In these circumstances the Governor in Council concurs with the Collector, the Conservator of Forests and the Commissioner in considering that in order to ensure the completion at a comparatively early date of the forest

demarcation and settlement of the Kánara Collectorate, and the consequent efficient protection of the important and valuable forests in that district it is desirable that a special officer should be appointed to be Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer for Kánara in supersession of the existing arrangements which experience has now proved to be insufficient, and early measures will accordingly be taken to appoint such an officer. It will of course be understood that the special Forest Settlement and Demarcation Officer will work in harmony and in consultation with the Conservator and the Divisional Forest Officers and will avail himself of the advice which Colonel Peyton is so competent to give. At the same time the work of the preparation by the Divisional Forest Officers of the lists and maps of the lands which should in their opinion be included in forest should not be discontinued but on the contrary should be pushed on as rapidly as possible. These lists and maps will prove of very great value and assistance to the Forest Settlement Officer if made after personal inspection of the localities by the officers of the Forest Department, and will much facilitate the speedy accomplishment by him of the task entrusted to him.

7. As regards the tracts mentioned in paragraph 2, there would seem to be no room for doubt as to the sufficiency of the settlement already made in all of them with the exception of the Kárwár Táluka. It would appear however from the Collector's report that no formal inquiry into and settlement of rights as required by the law have as yet been effected in the Kárwár Táluka. This being the case it would seem undesirable to adopt the procedure suggested by Mr. Vidal, which involves a departure from the course prescribed by the Indian Forest Act In matters of this important nature it is obviously expedient to proceed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the law, and under the law a formal inquiry into and a settlement and record of rights are essential. This must now be done in the Kárwár Táluka. Extensive privileges have been allowed in that táluka. Their extent and nature must now also be clearly defined and the sanction of Government accorded to such of them as are to be permitted. As the forest demarcation of the táluka has been carried out and the rights if any claimed will probably not be numerous the special officer will in all likelihood experience little difficulty in making the requisite inquiry, settlement and record. In the other tracts mentioned in paragraph 2 all that remains to be done is to prepare the village forest registers, and this work can probably be carried out by the Assistant Collectors in charge.

R/N 05-529-

4-2573-4/9

Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Kánara,
The Conservator of Forests, S C.

9-11-53

No. 452 of 1885.

From

The Collector of Kanara,

To

The Commissioner
Southern Division.

Kanara 26th February 1885.

Sir,

I have the honour to
chart that one Rau Adi
Bin Subba Adi
Bhat of Gokarn
has applied
for a portion
of an assessed waste kh. (survey
No. 1) of the village of Bilekomy
in Ankola Taluka of this
District. The area of the kh.
is 30 acres and 13 guntas and
the area required by the applica
is 4 acres & 17 guntas. The whol
of the [illegible]

Disposal of a portion of unassessed waste Survey No. 1 of the village of Bilekomge in Ankola

in the list of protected forest lands of the 37 villages of the Ankola Taluka originally notified in the Government Gazette of 6th March 1879, pages 227 & 228, and sanctioned as final in Government Resolution No 5516 dated 14th October 1879.

2. The applicant holds survey No 5 area 57-a-1 in this village, which is a large Gajani salt marsh land recently reclaimed by him at considerable expense, and the portion of the forest No I applied for by him is for the purpose of building huts to accomodate his tenants, as excepting some 20 gunthas of garden land owned by the applicant in which there are three huts there

building site available there Gazni itself being subject to flood during a portion of the year. The applicant appears to have spent about 6000 Rs in reclaiming the marsh land and I am of opinion that every encouragement and assistance should be given him.

3. The site applied for is a rocky hill side and is of but little value for forest purposes. It is reported to contain some 12 poor teak trees and 40 Khair trees, the former will be reserved for Government and the latter will be cut and removed & the sale proceeds credited to Forest Department. I therefore request that you will be good enough to obtain the necessary

[illegible] of Government to the
disforestment of the portion
of the N.D. in question as detailed
in para 1 above.

4. If the proposal is approved I propose to make over the land to the applicant on a ground rent at the rate of Rs 5 per acre.

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most obedient servt

K. C. Laundy

Collector of Kanara.

Through

The Conservator of Forests

N. C.

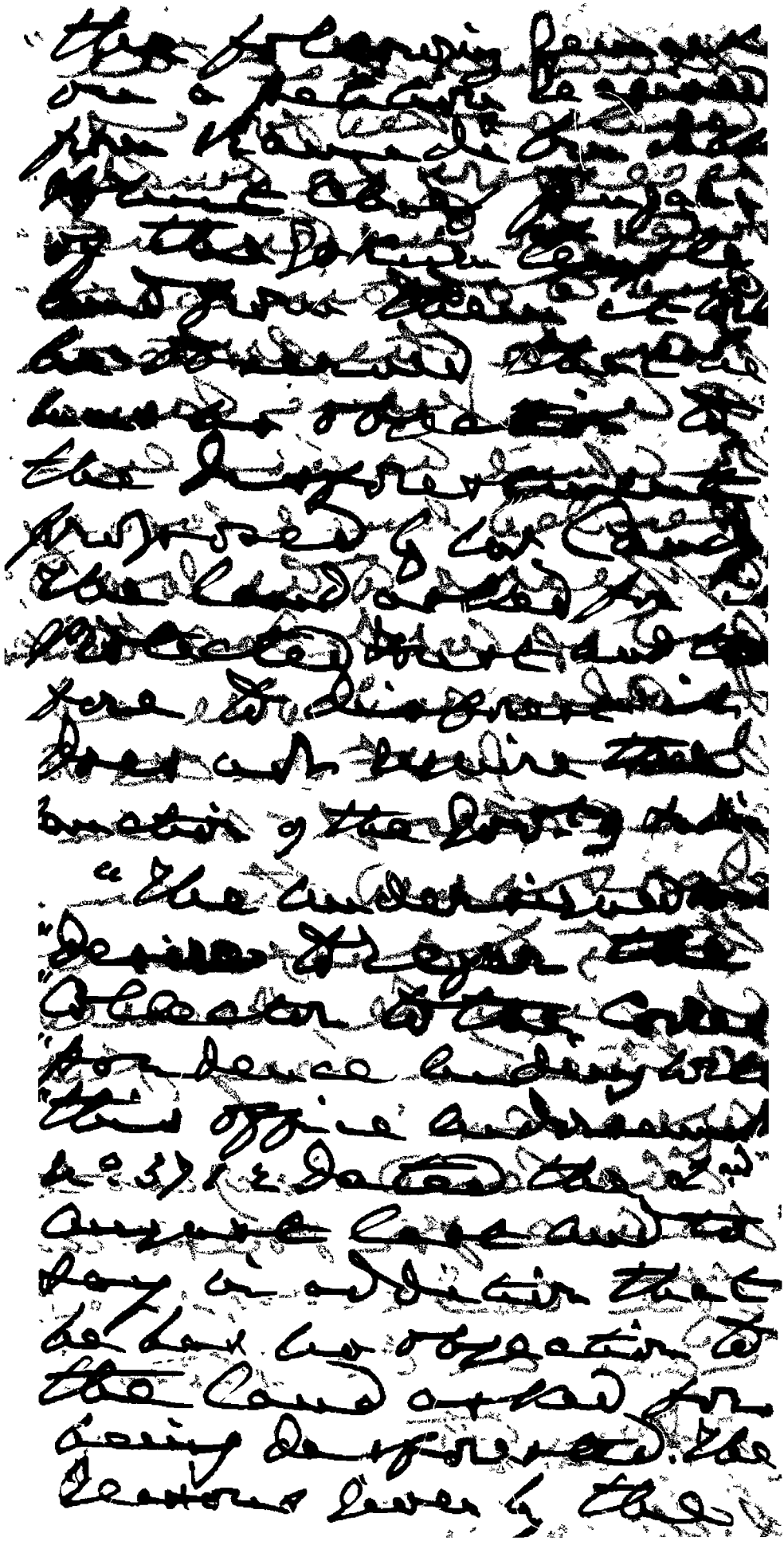
June 3886/3/5 85

No. 6819 of 1884-85

Canara Office 26th October 1885

Forwarded.

2. The endorsed land



section of Government to the
afforestment of the portion
of the N.Q. in question as detailed
in para 1 above.

4. If the proposal is approved I propose to make over the land to the applicant on a ground rent at the rate of Rs 5 per acre.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servt
R. L. Lowndes
Collector of Kanara.

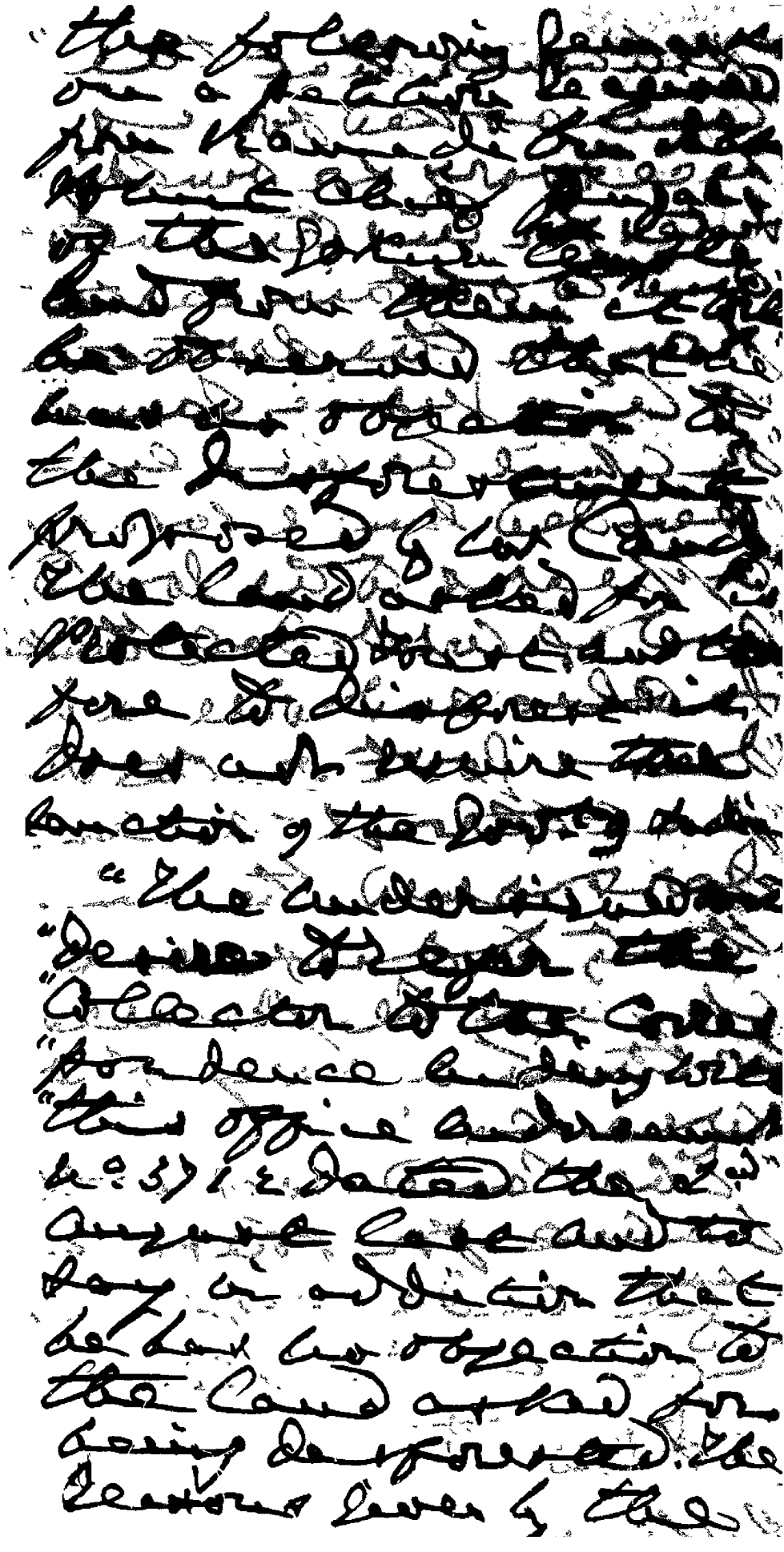
Through
The Conservator of Forests

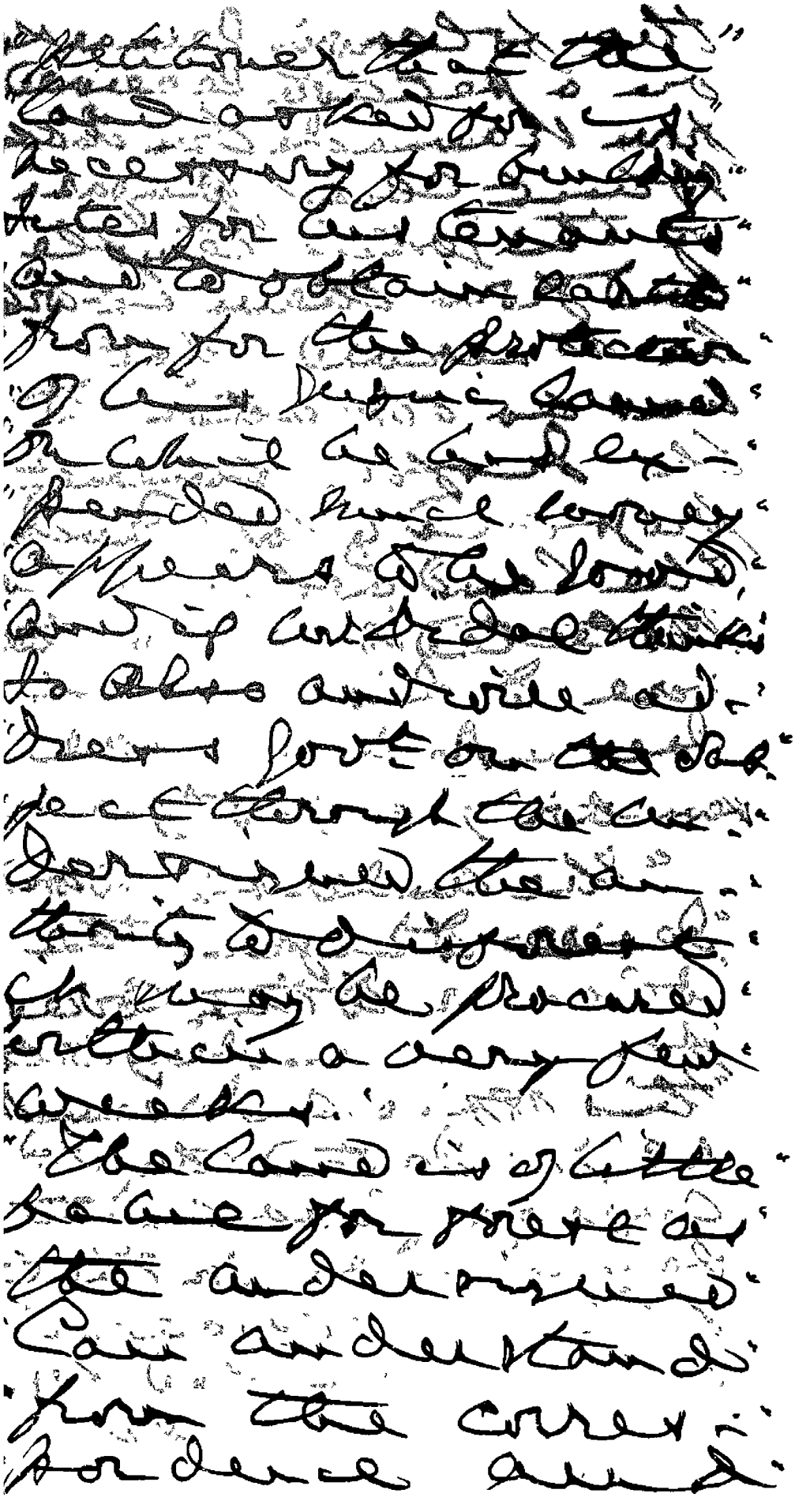
Rec'd 3 Dec 85
Issued 5 Dec 85

No. 6819 of 1885-85
Conservancy Office of
Collector of
Karwar 1885

Forwarded.

2. The undermined land





"Mr. Talati of the Divisional Forest Department"

Water Col.
Cruz Drawer

No. 815 of 1885.

Revenue Department
the
20th March
1885.

RECD MAR 20 JB

Submitted to Government
for sanction to the disforestment
of 4 acres and 17 guntas out of survey
no. 1 of the village of Bile Konige in
Taluka Ankola for the purpose
indicated by the Collector.

Accountant
Commissioner S.D.

Forest Enclosure from Protected
— of certain land in the
Ankola Taluka of the
Kanara District.

Memo from the Commr
S.D., No 815 of 20th March
1885 — submitting for orders
one from the Conservator
of Forests, S.C., together with
the following letter No 952
of 26th February 1885 from
the Collr of Kanara :-
(Print in full)
the Conservator stating
that he has no objection
to the disforestment pro-
posed by the Collr.

2

The necessary noti-
fication directing the ex-
clusion of the land in
question from Protected
limits should be publish
ed in the Bombay Gov
gazette.
JW
14

Forests · Exclusion from protected —— of certain land in the Ankola Táluka the Kanara District.

No. 2767.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

Bombay Castle, 1st April 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D, No. 815, dated 20th March 1885—Submitting for sanction one from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., together with the following letter No. 952, dated 26th February 1885, from the Collector of Kánara:—

"I have the honour to report that one Rám Adi bin Subba Adi Bhat of Gokarn has applied for a portion of an assessed waste number (Survey No 1) of the village of Bilehonga in Ankola Táluka of this district. The area of the number is 30 acres and 13 gunthás and the area required by the applicant is 4 acres and 17 gunthás. The whole of this number has been entered in the list of protected forest lands of the thirty-seven villages of the Ankola Táluka originally notified in the *Government Gazette* of 6th March 1879, pages 227 and 228, and sanctioned as final in Government Resolution No 5516, dated 14th October 1879

"2. The applicant holds Survey No. 5, area 57 acres 1 guntha, in this village which is a large Gazni salt marsh land recently reclaimed by him at considerable expense, and the portion of the forest No 1 applied for by him is for the purpose of building huts to accommodate his tenants as excepting some 20 gunthás of garden land owned by the applicant in which there are three huts there is no other building site available, the Gazni itself being subject to floods during a portion of the year The applicant appears to have spent about Rs 6,000 in reclaiming the marsh land, and I am of opinion that every encouragement and assistance should be given him.

"3 The site applied for is a rocky hill side and is of but little value for forest purposes It is reported to contain some twelve poor teak trees and seventy *khair* trees The former will be reserved for Government and the latter will be cut and removed and the sale proceeds credited to the Forest Department I therefore request that you will be good enough to obtain the necessary sanction of Government to the disforestment of the portion of the number in question as detailed in paragraph 1 above

"4 If the proposal is approved I propose to make over the land to the applicant on a ground-rent at the rate of Rs 5 per acre"

the Conservator stating that he has no objection to the disforestment proposed by Mr Candy.

RESOLUTION.—The necessary notification directing the exclusion of the land in question from protected forests should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S D,
The Collector of Kánara,
The Forest Settlement Officer, Kanara
The Conservator of Forests, S C

[redacted] from [redacted]
— 4 certain Lands in the Ondekaremba Location of the Karonga District.

Memo from the Commissioner No B15 of 20th March 1935 submitting for consideration from the Conservator of Forests, together with the following letter No 9952 of 26th February, 1935 from the Clerk of Karonga:-

(Print in full)

the Conservator stating that he has no objection to the disforestment proposed by the Lands.

No 76787/1/4/83

Land

The necessary notification directing the exclusion of the land in question from Protected Forests should be published in the Bouvanga Gazette.

MMC
7/4

GBS

the Kanara District.

No. 2767.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st April 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 815, dated 20th March 1885—Submitting for sanction one from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., together with the following letter No. 952, dated 26th February 1885, from the Collector of Kánara:—

"I have the honour to report that one Rám Adi bin Subba Adi Bhat of Gokarn has applied for a portion of an assessed waste number (Survey No. 1.) of the village of Bilehonga in Ankola Táluka of this district. The area of the number is 30 acres and 13 gunthás and the area required by the applicant is 4 acres and 17 gunthás. The whole of this number has been entered in the list of protected forest lands of the thirty-seven villages of the Ankola Táluka originally notified in the *Government Gazette* of 6th March 1879, pages 227 and 228, and sanctioned as final in Government Resolution No. 5516, dated 14th October 1879

"2 The applicant holds Survey No. 5, area 57 acres 1 guntha, in this village which is a large 'Gazni' salt marsh land recently reclaimed by him at considerable expense, and the portion of the forest No. 1. applied for by him is for the purpose of building huts to accommodate his tenants as excepting some 20 gunthás of garden land owned by the applicant in which there are three huts there is no other building site available, the Gazni itself being subject to floods during a portion of the year. The applicant appears to have spent about Rs. 6,000 in reclaiming the marsh land, and I am of opinion that every encouragement and assistance should be given him.

"3 The site applied for is a rocky hill side and is of but little value for forest purposes. It is reported to contain some twelve poor teak trees and seventy *khair* trees. The former will be reserved for Government and the latter will be cut and removed and the sale proceeds credited to the Forest Department. I therefore request that you will be good enough to obtain the necessary sanction of Government to the disforestment of the portion of the number in question as detailed in paragraph 1 above

"4 If the proposal is approved I propose to make over the land to the applicant on a ground-rent at the rate of Rs. 5 per acre"

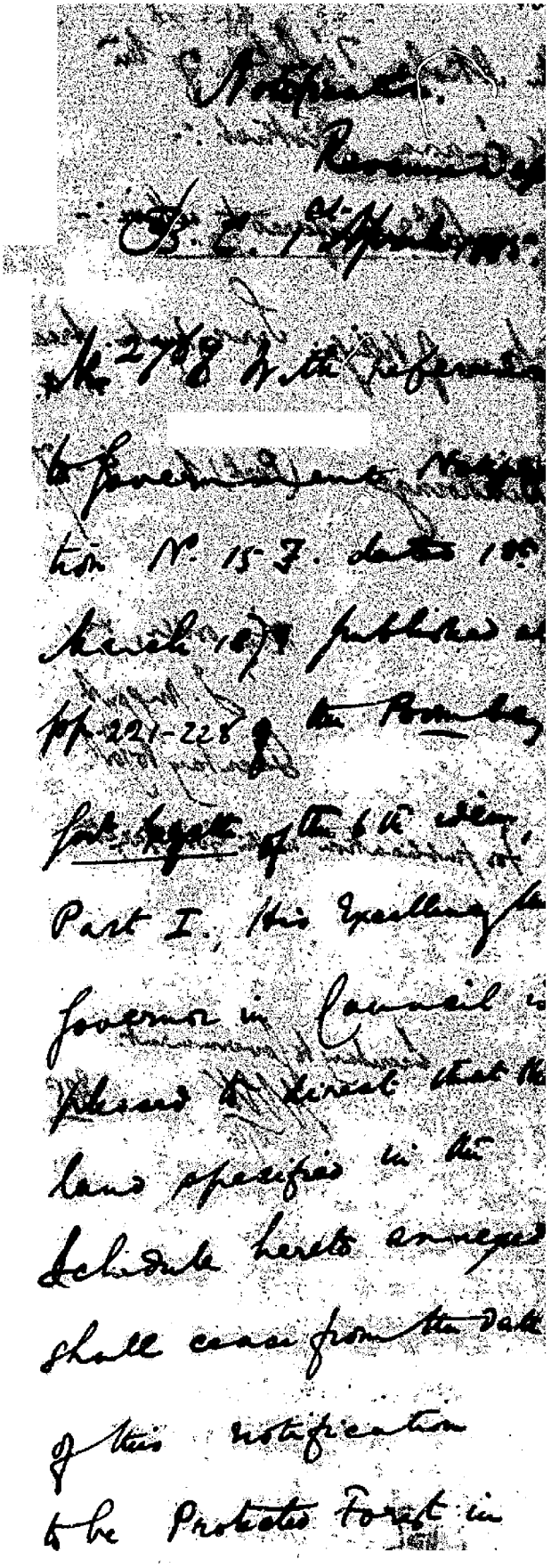
the Conservator stating that he has no objection to the disforestment proposed by Mr. Candy.

RESOLUTION.—The necessary notification directing the exclusion of the land in question from protected forests should be published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Kánara,
The Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.



Notification.

Reserved

2nd Sept. Secretariat

No. 2708 of the Secretariat

Government Notifica-

tion No. 157, dated 19

March 1894 published

pp. 221-228 of the Bombay

Part I. of the 6th idem

Part I., this Excellency

Governor in Council

declared & hereby declares

laws specified in the

Schedule hereto annexed

shall cease from the date

of this notification

the Protected Forest in

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st April 1885.

No. 2767.—With reference to Government Notification No. 15 F., dated 1st March 1879, published at pages 221-228 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 6th idem, Part I., His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the land specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall cease from the date of this Notification to be Protected Forest in the Kola Táluka of the Kánara District :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey Number	Area.
		A. g.
Bilehoinge	(Part) 1	4 17

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 1st April 1885.

No. 2767.—With reference to Government tification No. 15 F., dated 1st March 1879, blished at pages 221-228 of the *Bombay Governnt Gazette* of the 6th idem, Part I., His Excelcy the Governor in Council is pleased to direct it the land specified in the schedule hereto nexed shall cease from the date of this Notificaon to be Protected Forest in the Akola Táluka the Kánara District :—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village	Survey Number	Area.
		A. G.
ehoinge	Part) 1	4 17

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government

No 10 of 1883

From

To Rec'd 483 23-2-83

E. J. H. C. Gleeson Esq
Forest Settl.t & Demarcation Off
of Kanara

The Collector of
Kanara

Forest Settl.t & Dem.tion Office Kan
Camp Hegumbli 19th February
18

Sir,

Herewith I have the honor to forward for notification in the next Government Gazette under Sec. 4 of the Forest Act a list of Survey Nos in 24 villages of the Kumta Taluka which it is proposed to constitute reserved forest. These numbers have been demarcated by Mr. W. A. Talbot Divisional Forest Officer Central Division of Kan...

I have the honor to be,
Sir
Your most obdt. Servt.
[signature]
Forest Settlement & Demarcation
Officer of Kanara.

No 899 of 1885

Kaiwar 23rd [illegible]

Forwarded to the Commissioner of Forests S.C.

R Maudy

Co. Ho.

Rec'd 3833
27. 2. 85.

No. 6903 of 84-85

Comm. Office
Cuttack
Commr Division
19th March 1885

Forwarded to Commissioner S.D. for submission to Government. The undersigned approves of the proposition of the Commissioner and begs to submit the same for favourable consideration.

RECD APR 1 [illegible]

No. 820 of 1885

Revenue Office
Submitted to Government for favour of compliance

24th March 1885

Commissioner S.D.

1389-22/3/86.
Forest Reserve

Forests: Proposal to constitute certain lands reserved in the Kumta Taluka of the Kanara District.

Memo from the Commr, S.D., No 620 dd 24th March 1884 — Submitting memorandum from the Conservator of Forests, S.C., & the Collr of Kanara together with a letter No 10 dd 19th February 1884 from the Forest Settlement officer, Kanara, who forwards also forwards a draft notification under sec. 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, in respect of certain lands in the Kumta Taluka, which have been demarcated by the Talbot Divisional Forest Officer of the C.D., of Kanara; the Conservator of Forests states that he approves of the draft notification

To The Commr, S.D.
The Collr of Kánara,
The A.C.F., Kánara,
The Conf, S.C.
Print Earl
8/4.

Reason

The draft notification submitted by the Forest Settlement officer of Kanara should be published in the Govt Gazette.

JBS 8/4

4509 A/60 139

Forests: Proposal to constitute certain lands reserved —— in the Kumta Táluka of the Kánara District.

No. 2862.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th April 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 820, dated 24th March 1885—Submitting memoranda from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., and the Collector of Kánara, together with a letter No. 10, dated 19th February 1885, from the Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara, who forwards a draft notification under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, in respect of certain lands in the Kumta Táluka, which have been demarcated by Mr. Talbot, Divisional Forest Officer of the C. D. of Kánara: the Conservator of Forests states that he approves of the draft notification.

RESOLUTION.—The draft notification submitted by the Forest Settlement Officer of Kánara should be published in the *Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Kánara,
The Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

Forest: Proposal to constitute certain lands reserved in the Kumta Taluka of the Kanara District.

Memo from the Comm S.D., No. 820 of 24th March 1885 – submitting memorandum from the Conservator of Forests, S.C., & the Collr of Kanara, together with a letter No 10 of 19th February 1885 from the Forest Settlement Officer, Kanara, who forwards with remarks a draft notification under sec. 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, in respect of certain lands in the Kumta Taluka, which have been demarcated by Mr Talbot, Divisional Forest Officer of the C.D., of Kanara; the Conservator of Forests states that he approves of the draft notification

forwd to S.D.
Collr of Kanara
F. & C., Kanara
6 of 7, S.C.
Print Earl
8/4.

Reason

The draft notification submitted by the Forest Settlement Officer of Kanara should be published in the Govt Gazette. Accordingly

4509 A/20 13

Forests: Proposal to constitute certain lands reserved —— in the Kumta Táluka of the Kánara District.

No. 2862.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th April 1885.

Memorandum from the Commissioner, S. D., No. 820, dated 24th March 1885—Submitting memoranda from the Conservator of Forests, S. C., and the Collector of Kánara, together with a letter No. 10, dated 19th February 1885, from the Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara, who forwards a draft notification under Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, in respect of certain lands in the Kumta Táluka, which have been demarcated by Mr. Talbot, Divisional Forest Officer of the C. D of Kánara: the Conservator of Forests states that he approves of the draft notification.

RESOLUTION.—The draft notification submitted by the Forest Settlement Officer of Kánara should be published in the *Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, S. D.,
The Collector of Kánara,
The Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara,
The Conservator of Forests, S. C.

2 3 4
6
3 4

For publication in the *Government Gazette*.

Under Secretary to Government.

E DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th April 1885.

No. 2862.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the Schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Kumtá Táluka of the Kánara District:—

Schedule referred to above.

(Here enter the details given in the accompanying statement, to be returned)

2 The Forest Settlement officer, Kanara, is hereby appointed under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into & determine the existence, nature & extent of any right alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. Nugent,
Secretary to Government.

Kunlá Lálumká

24 Villages

In Der Section 4 of the Forest at 1878.

Note

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 16 of the Indian Forest Act 1878 it is hereby notified that the Forests specified in the Schedule hereto annexed to be Reserved

Ref
Page 81

Reserved Forests

| | | |

Kandóli कंदोली	1	–	–	–	–	7	27
	5	–	–	–	–	7	36
	13	–	–	–	–	6	35
	14	–	–	–	–	516	9
	20	–	–	–	–	2	25
	22	–	–	–	–	1	1
	23	–	–	–	–	492	9
	~~X~~	–	–	–	–	~~1034~~	~~22~~
Kallabbe कल्लबे	128	1	26	–	4	–	–
	141	–	–	–	–	166	34
	248	–	–	–	–	64	8
	249	–	–	–	–	4	3
	263	–	–	–	–	109	35
	303	–	–	–	–	216	16
	352	–	–	–	–	89	32
	367	–	–	–	–	3	38
	392	–	–	–	–	4	36
	387	–	–	–	–	–	22
	393	–	–	–	–	9	2
	394	–	–	–	–	6	15
	395	–	–	–	–	1	27
	396	–	–	–	–	86	23
	397	–	–	–	–	103	18
	398	–	–	–	–	3	14
	399	–	–	–	–	3	7
	400	–	–	–	–	4	12
	401	–	–	–	–	241	31
	~~79~~	1	26	–	4	~~1143~~	13
Hosád	2	–	–	–	–	597	93
	9	–	–	–	–	4	34
	2	–	–	–	–	602	17

Kavaladdi
ಕವಲಡ್ಡಿ

5	4	4	1	"	"	"	
20	"	17	"	2	"	"	
23	"	"	"	"	638	"	
24	"	"	"	"	615	20	
25	"	"	"	"	666	36	
5	4	21	1	2	1920	16	

Kanakale
ಕನಕಲೆ

7	"	"	"	"	66	23	
8	"	"	"	"	58	20	
9	2	6	1	"	"	"	
31	"	"	"	"	588	"	
32	"	"	"	"	489	10	
33	2	25	5	"	"	"	
34	2	19	4	"	"	"	
35	2	11	6	"	"	"	
36	2	9	6	"	"	"	
9	11	30	21	"	1192	13	

Muriki
ಮುರಿಕಿ

8	3	17	1	"	"	"	
59	"	"	"	"	117	32	
68	2	34	"	12	"	"	
69	"	31	"	2	"	"	
70	1	39	"	8	"	"	
71	2	19	"	12	"	"	
72	1	13	"	4	"	"	
76	"	"	"	"	13	38	
144	2	23	"	12	"	"	
155	"	"	"	"	12	11	
161	5	35	1	"	"	"	
171	"	"	"	"	"	21	
172	"	"	"	"	2	"	
159	"	"	"	"	7	22	
191	"	"	"	"	187	36	
195	"	"	"	"	83	8	
197	"	30	"	2	"	"	
276	"	"	"	"	46	9	

49

Murur, continued

Brought over							
	323	–	–	–	–	5	35
	372	3	–	–	8	.	–
	397	–	–	–	–	96	35
	404	–	–	–	–	102	31
	440	–	–	–	–	43	15
	452	–	–	–	–	71	15
	453	5	8	1	–	–	–
	515	3	23	1	–	–	–
	516	2	35	1	–	–	–
	517	–	–	–	–	10	31
	520	5	4	4	–	–	–
	528	2	37	10	–	–	–
	529	–	–	–	–	1	27
	534	–	–	–	–	300	36
	535	–	–	–	–	960	17
	33	44	28	22	12	1365	14
Harkimanni हर्कीमन्नी	63	–			–	83	15
	98	–		–	–	2	6
	154		–	–	–	130	5
	168	–	–	–	–	5	16
	4	–	–	–	–	221	2
8 Mawalli मोळ्ळी	1	–	–		–	319	15
	7	8	11	9	8	–	
	69	3	11	1	8	–	–
	70					23	–
	71	1	6	–	12		–
	74					3	21
	75	4	14	1	8	–	–
	76			–		67	27
	8	17	12	6	4	413	23

8 Honalli ಹೊನಲ್ಲಿ	11	3	13	12	—	—	—	
	10	7	—	1	8	—	—	
	240	—	—	—	—	67	29	
	308	—	—	—	—	153	17	
	4	10	13	13	8	221	6	
10 Hegle ಹೆಗ್ಲೆ	38	—	—	—	—	513	35	
	1	—	—	—	—	513	35	
11 Goharna ಗೋಕರ್ಣ	146	—	—	—	—	24	19	
	329	10	9	2	—	—	—	
	330	—	—	—	—	29	27	
	333	8	29	2	—	—	—	
	334	4	2	—	12	—	—	
	207	—	—	—	—	287	28	
	210	—	—	—	—	117	28	
	269	—	—	—	—	495	3	
	1192	—	—	—	—	269	33	
	9	23	—	4	12	1254	18	
12 Madahebail ಮೇದಕೆಬೈಲ್	1	—	—	—	—	170	10	
	1	—	—	—	—	170	10	
13 Kanehalli ಕನೆಹಳ್ಳಿ	308	—	—	—	—	11	21	
	309	—	—	—	—	13	18	
	318	—	—	—	—	10	9	
	338	—	—	—	—	6	1	
	339	—	—	—	—	12	16	
	432	—	—	—	—	13	16	
	6	—	—	—	—	67	1	

5a

Mauza continued

	323	-	-	-	-	5	35	
	372	3	-	-	8	-	-	
	397	-	-	-	-	96	35	
	404	-	-	-	-	102	31	
	440	-	-	-	-	43	15	
	452	-	-	-	-	11	15	
	453	5	8	1	-	-	-	
	515	3	23	1	-	-	-	
	516	2	35	1	-	-	-	
	517	-	-	-	-	10	31	
	520	5	4	4	-	-	-	
	528	2	37	10	-	-	-	
	529	-	-	-	-	1	27	
	534	-	-	-	-	300	36	
	535	-	-	-	-	96	17	
	33	44	28	32	12	1365	17	
7	Karkimakki कर्कीमक्की	63	-	-	-	83	15	
		98	-	-	-	2	6	
		134	-	-	-	130	5	
		161	-	-	-	5	16	
		4	-	-	-	221	2	
8	Mawalli मावली	1	-	-	-	319	15	
		7	8	41	9	8	-	
		69	3	11	1	8	-	-
		10	-	-	-	23	-	
		71	1	6	-	12	-	
		74	-	-	-	3	21	
		75	1	14	1	8	-	-
		76	-	-	-	67	27	
	8	17	12	6	4	413	23	

Konalli	11	3	13	12	-	-	-	
	10	7	-	1	8	-	-	
	240	-	-	-	-	67	29	
	308	-	-	-	-	153	17	
	4	10	13	13	8	221	6	
Hegle	38	-	-	-	-	5	13	35
	1	-	-	-	-	5	13	35
Goharna	146	-	-	-	-	24	19	
	329	10	9	2	-	-	-	
	330	-	-	-	-	29	27	
	333	8	29	2	-	-	-	
	334	4	2	-	12	-	-	
	807	-	-	-	-	28	28	
	1010	-	-	-	-	14	28	
	1269	-	-	-	-	49	5	3
	1142	-	-	-	-	26	9	33
	9	23	-	4	12	125	4	18
Madahalli	1	-	-	-	-	17	0	10
	1	-	-	-	-	17	0	10
Kanehalli	308	-	-	-	-	11	21	
	309	-	-	-	-	13	18	
	318	-	-	-	-	10	9	
	338	-	-	-	-	6	1	
	339					12	16	
	422	-	-	-	-	13	16	
	6	-	-	-	-	67	1	

5a

14 Gonehalli ಗೊನೆಹಳ್ಳಿ	167	-	-	-	-	106	23
	1	-	-	-	-	106	23
15 Kadime ಕಡಿಮೆ	17	-	-	-	-	50	5
	43	-	-	-	-	89	13
	2	-	-	-	-	139	18
agéri ಕಾಗೇರಿ	100	-	-	-	-	38	11
	1	-	-	-	-	38	11
17 Hosgeri ಹೊಸಗೇರಿ	21	-	-	-	-	86	12
	1	-	-	-	-	86	12
	04	-	-	-	-	20	31
	130	-	-	-	-	126	2
	2	-	-	-	-	146	33
19 Sorgagni ಸೊರಗಣಿ	19	-	-	-	-	10	19
	1	-	-	-	-	14	
20 Hittalmakki ಹಿತ್ತಲಮಕ್ಕಿ	28	-	-	-	-	169	31
	1	-	-	-	-	169	31
21 Hárúmásgeri ಹಾರುಮಾಸಗೇರಿ	33	10	9	12	-	-	-
	34	9	13	11	-	-	-
	36	8	34	9	-	-	-
	36	15	20	16	-	-	-
	37	10	25	11	-	-	-
	5	54	21	59	-	-	-

22 Bhávikodla	1	11	12	—	—	—	
	2	11	17	12	—	—	—
	5	10	12	11	—	—	—
	6	13	19	14	—	—	—
	7	10	25	11	—	—	—
	8	9	38	11	—	—	—
	9	10	35	12	—	—	—
	10	11	13	12	—	—	—
	~~8~~	~~88~~	~~39~~	~~95~~	~~—~~	~~—~~	~~—~~
23 Mádangéri	178	1	—	2	8	—	—
	179	2	22	8	—	—	—
	180	4	32	1	8	—	—
	177	—	—	—	—	171	6
	198	7	35	2	—	—	—
	199	—	—	—	—	42	15
	200	9	20	3	—		—
	201	1	22	2	8	—	—
	206	2	18	—	8	—	—
	205	—	26	—	2	—	—
	10	30	15	20	2	~~213~~	~~21~~
24 Koregulla	235	—	—	—	—	18	29
	446	13	23	9	—	—	—
	447	—	—	—		163	24
	481	—	—	—	—	209	2
	502	—	—	—	—	27	8
	519	4	—	2	8	—	—
	6	17	23	11	8	418	23

[illegible] 146 234 20 253 1 1164926

Yellapur
5th November
1884

A Tulloch
Divisional Forest Off

vication

ellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed

ed on the Kumta taluka of the Kanara Collectorate

Name of Village	Uncultivated assessed waste land belonging to Government	Uncultivable waste land belonging to Government	Remarks
	Acres	Acres	

4598A/00

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th April 1885.

No. 2862.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Kumta Táluka of the Kánara District:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey Number.	Unoccupied Assessed Waste Land belonging to Government.		Forest and Uncultivable Waste Land belonging to Government.
		A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.
Kondli ...	1	...	...	7 27
	5	...	...	7 36
	13	...	...	6 35
	14	...	...	516 9
	20	...	...	2 25
	22	...	...	1 1
	23	...	...	492 9
Kallabbe ...	128	1 26	0 4	...
	141	...	...	166 34
	248	...	...	64 8
	249	...	...	4 3
	263	...	...	129 35
	303	...	...	216 16
	352	...	...	89 32
	367	...	...	3 38
	372	...	...	4 36
	387	...	...	0 22
	393	...	...	9 2
	394	...	...	6 15
	395	...	...	1 27
	396	...	...	86 23
	397	...	...	103 18
	398	...	...	3 14
	399	...	...	3 7
	400	...	...	4 12
	401	...	...	244 31
...	2	...	...	597 23
	9	...	...	4 34
Kavalodli ...	5	4 4	1 0	...
	20	0 17	0 2	...
	23	...	...	638 0
	24	...	...	615 20
	25	...	...	666 36
Kana ...	7	...	...	56 23
	8	...	...	58 20
	9	2 6	1 0	...
	31	...	...	588 0
	32	...	...	489 10
	33	2 26	5 0	...
	34	2 19	4 0	...
	35	2 11	6 0	...
	36	2 9	5 0	...
Murúr ...	8	3 17	1 0	...
	59	...	...	117 32
	68	2 34	0 12	...
	69	0 31	0 2	...
	70	1 39	0 8	...
	71	2 19	0 12	...
	72	1 13	0 4	...
	76	...	...	19 38
	144	2 23	0 12	...
	155	...	...	13 11
	161	5 35	1 0	...
	171	...	...	0 21
	172	...	...	2 0
	180	...	...	7 22
	191	...	...	187 36
	195	...	...	83 8
	197	0 30	0 2	...
	276	...	...	46 9
	323	...	...	5 35
	372	3 0	0 8	...
	397	...	...	96 35
	404	...	...	102 31
	440	...	...	43 15
	452	...	...	71 15
	463	5 8	1 0	...
	515	3 23	1 0	...
	516	2 35	1 0	...
	517	...	...	10 31
	520	5 4	4 0	...
	528	2 37	10 0	...
	529	...	...	1 27
	534	...	...	300 36
	535	...	...	260 17
Karkimakhi ...	63	...	...	83 15
	98	...	...	2 6
	154	...	...	130 5
	168	...	...	5 16
Alawalli ...	1	...	...	310 15
	7	8 21	2 8	...
	69	3 11	1 8	...
	70	...	...	23 0
	71	1 6	0 12	...
	74	...	...	3 21
	75	4 14	1 8	...
	76	...	...	67 27
Konalli ...	11	3 13	12 0	...
	10	7 0	1 8	...
	240	...	...	67 29
	308	...	...	153 17
Hegle ...	38	...	...	513 35
Gokarn ...	146	...	...	24 10 20 39
	329	10 9	2 0	...
	330	...	...	29 27
	333	8 29	2 0	...
	334	4 2	0 12	...
	827	...	...	287 28
	1040	...	...	147 28
	1263	...	...	495 [illegible]
	1492	...	...	269 33
Mudakebail ...	1	...	...	170 10

4509A/00

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 8th April 1885.

No. 2862.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 4 of the Indian Forest Act, No. VII. of 1878, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that it is proposed to constitute the lands specified in the schedule hereto annexed Reserved Forests in the Kumta Táluka of the Kánara District:—

Schedule referred to above.

Name of Village.	Survey Number.	Unoccupied Assessed Waste Land belonging to Government.		Forest and Uncultivable Waste Land belonging to Government.
		A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.
[illegible] ...	1	...	...	7 27
	5	...	...	7 36
	13	...	...	6 35
	14	...	...	516 9
	20	...	...	2 25
	22	...	...	1 1
	23	...	...	402 9
[illegible] ...	128	1 26	0 4	...
	141	...	...	166 34
	248	...	...	64 8
	249	...	...	4 3
	263	...	...	129 35
	303	...	...	216 16
	352	...	...	89 32
	367	...	...	3 36
	382	...	...	4 36
	387	...	...	0 22
	393	...	...	9 2
	394	...	...	6 15
	395	...	...	1 27
	396	...	...	86 23
	397	...	...	103 18
	398	...	...	3 14
	399	...	...	3 7
	400	...	...	4 12
	401	...	...	244 31
[illegible] ...	2	...	...	597 23
	9	...	...	4 34
Kavalakái ...	5	4 4	1 0	...
	20	6 17	0 3	...
	23	...	...	698 0
	24	...	...	615 20
	25	...	...	666 36

Name of Village.	Survey Number.	Unoccupied Assessed Waste Land belonging to Government.		Forest and Uncultivable Waste Land belonging to Government.
		A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.
Kanakale	7	...	...	56 22
	8	...	...	58 20
	9	2 6	1 0	...
	31	...	...	588 0
	32	...	...	489 10
	33	2 25	5 0	...
	34	2 19	4 0	...
	35	2 11	6 0	...
	36	2 9	5 0	...
Murúr ...	8	3 17	1 0	...
	59	...	...	117 32
	68	2 34	0 13	...
	69	0 31	0 2	...
	70	1 39	0 8	...
	71	2 19	0 12	...
	72	1 13	0 4	...
	76	...	...	13 38
	144	2 28	0 12	...
	155	...	...	12 11
	161	5 35	1 0	...
	171	...	...	0 21
	172	...	...	2 0
	189	...	...	7 22
	191	...	...	187 36
	195	...	...	88 8
	197	0 30	0 2	...
	276	...	...	46 9
	323	...	...	5 35
	372	3 0	0 8	...
	397	...	...	96 35
	404	...	...	109 31
	440	...	...	43 15
	452	...	...	71 15
	463	5 8	1 0	...
	515	3 23	1 0	...
	516	2 35	1 0	...
	517	...	...	10 31
	520	5 4	4 0	...
	528	2 37	10 0	...
	529	...	...	1 27
	534	...	...	300 38
	535	...	...	260 17
Karkimakki ...	63	...	...	83 15
	98	...	...	2 6
	154	...	...	130 5
	168	...	...	5 16
Alawalli ...	1	...	...	319 15
	7	8 21	2 8	...
	69	3 11	1 8	...
	70	...	...	23 0
	71	1 6	0 12	...
	74	...	...	3 21
	75	4 14	1 8	...
	76	...	...	67 27
Konalli ...	11	3 13	12 0	...
	10	7 0	1 8	...
	240	...	...	67 29
	308	...	...	153 17
Hegle... ...	38	...	...	513 35
Gokarn ...	146	...	...	~~24 16~~ 24-31
	329	10 9	2 0	...
	330	...	...	29 27
	333	8 29	2 0	...
	334	4 2	0 13	...
	827	...	...	287 28
	1040	...	...	147 28
	1269	...	...	~~495~~ 495
	1492	...	...	269 33
Mudakbail ...	1	...	...	170 19

	Survey Number.	Unoccupied Assessed Waste Land belonging to Government.		Forest and Uncultivable Waste Land belonging to Government.	
		A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.	
Haneballi ...	308	...	...	11 21	
	309	[redacted]	...	13 [illegible]	
	[illegible]		...	10 9	
	338	...	...	6 1	
	339	...	...	12 16	
	422	...	...	13 16	
Gonchalli ...	167	...	...	106 23	
Kadime ...	17	...	...	50 5	
	43	...	...	89 13	
Bidragéri ...	100	...	...	38 11	
Hosgéri ...	21	...	...	86 12	
Torke ...	104	...	...	20 31	
	130	...	...	126 2	
Toregajni ..	19	...	...	10 19	
Hittalmakhi ...	28	...	...	169 31	
Hárúmásgéri ...	33	10 9	12 0	...	
	34	9 13	11 0	...	
	35	8 24	9 0	...	
	36	15 20	16 0	...	
	37	10 25	11 0	...	
Bhávikodla ...	1	11 0	12 0	...	
	2	11 17	12 0	...	
	5	10 12	11 0	...	
	6	13 19	14 0	...	
	7	10 25	11 0	...	
	8	9 38	11 0	...	
	9	10 35	12 0	...	
	10	11 13	12 0	...	
Mádangéri ...	178	1 0	2 8	...	
	179	2 22	8 0	...	
	180	4 32	1 8	...	
	177	...	...	171 6	
	198	7 35	2 0	...	
	199	...	...	42 15	
	200	9 20	3 0	...	
	201	1 22	2 8	...	
	206	2 18	0 8	...	
	205	0 26	0 2	...	
Hiregutti ...	235	...	...	18 29	
	446	13 23	9 0	...	
	447	...	...	163 24	
	481	...	...	209 [illegible]	
	502	...	...	27 8	
	519	[illegible]	2 8	...	

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Secretary to Government.

No. 1616 of 1885.

From

The Collector of

Kanara

To

The Secretary to Governme

Revenue Department

Camp Sirsi dated 11th April 80.

Sir,

I have having been discovered that Survey Nos. 96 & 97 of the villa of Yellihonda in the Mundgod Peth have been by mistake noticed as protected forest at page 162 of the Bombay Government Gazette though these Nos. are actually in occupancy & under cultivation I have the honor to request that Government may be

"dated 30th November 80."

Name of Village.	Survey Number.	Unoccupied Assessed Waste Land belonging to Government.		Forest and Uncultumble Waste Land belonging to Government.
		A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.
Hanchalli ...	308	...	...	11 21
	3		...	13 [illegible]
	318	...	...	[illegible]
	338	...	...	6 1
	339	...	...	12 16
	422	...	...	13 16
Gonchalli ...	167	...	...	106 23
Kadime ...	17	...	...	50 5
	43	...	...	89 13
Bidragéri ...	100	...	...	38 11
Hosgéri ...	21	...	...	86 12
Torke ...	104	...	...	20 31
	130	...	...	126 2
Toregajni ..	19	...	...	10 19
Huttalmakki ...	28	...	...	169 31
Hárúmásgéri ...	33	10 9	12 0	...
	34	9 13	11 0	...
	35	8 34	9 0	...
	36	15 20	16 0	...
	37	10 25	11 0	...
Bhávikodla ...	1	11 0	12 0	...
	2	11 17	12 0	...
	5	10 12	11 0	...
	6	13 19	14 0	...
	7	10 25	11 0	...
	8	9 38	11 0	...
	9	10 35	13 0	...
	10	11 13	12 0	...
Hadangéri ...	178	1 0	2 8	...
	179	2 22	8 0	...
	180	4 32	1 8	...
	177	...	...	171 6
	198	7 35	2 0	...
	199	...	...	42 15
	200	9 20	3 0	...
	201	1 22	2 8	...
	206	2 18	0 8	...
	205	0 26	0 2	...
Hiregutti ...	235	...	...	18 29
	446	13 23	9 0	...
	447	...	...	163 24
	481	...	...	209 [illegible]
	502	...	...	27 8
	519	[illegible]	2 8	...

2. The Forest Settlement Officer, Kánara, is hereby appointed, under clause (c) of the same section, to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights alleged to exist in favour of any person in these lands.

By order of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT
Secretary to Government.

No 1516 of 1885.

From

The Collector of

Kanara

To

The Secretary to Govt
Revenue Department

Camp Sidapur 11th April 86.

Sir,

I have the honor to report that Nos 96 & 97 of the village of Yelihonda in the Mundgod Petha have been by mistake notified as protected forest at page 1062 of the Bombay Government Gazette, though these Nos are actually in occupancy & under cultivation. I have the honor to request that Government may be

Ref 30th December 85

I am pleased to direct the
publication of the following
erratum in the Bombay Govern
ment Gazette.

Erratum.

At page 1062 of the Government
Gazette dated the 30th November
1850 in the list of Survey Nos of
the village of Vadi Honda - Mund
-apur Peth Kanara District -
omit - Survey Nos 96 & 97

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obed't Servant
A. Anderson
Collector
&c &c &c
The Commissioner S.D.

Below letter d/ No. 1516 dated 16
the 11th April 1885 of the
Collector of Kanara to the
address of the Secretary to
Govt. Revenue Department

No. 261 of 1885/86
Conservator's office
S.C.
Camp Yellapur
20th April 1885.

Forwarded.

2. The erratum submitted
by the Collector may be
published in the Bombay
Gazette.

Lt. Col.
Conservator of Forests,
Southern Circle

RECD
APR 23
1885

Below letter No. 1516 dated the 11th April 1885 of the Collector of Kanara to the address of the Secretary to Govt. Revenue Department.

No. 261 of 1885/86

Conservator's Office S.C.
Camp Yellapur
20th April 1885.

RECD APR 23 1885

Forwarded.

2. The erratum submitted by the Collector may be published in the Government Gazette.

Walter Colonel
Conservator of Forests,
Southern Circle

Revenue Department

Letter from the Collr of Kaira No 1816 of 11th April 1885 — Reporting that Survey Nos 96 & 97 of Kathlaval in the Nawanagar Petha are occupied & under cultivation & have permanently been declared protected Inams by Govt Notifn No 6304 of 30th November 1880, & requesting that the necessary entries in respect of the numbers may be published in the Bombay Govt Gazette.

Memo from the Commr S.D., No 261 of 20th April 1885 - Forwarding the above

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Ref. No 355 of

The requisite Notification directing the exclusion of the Survey Numbers in question from Protected Inams should be published in the Bombay Govt Gazette.

MMK 30/4